## Curriculum Vitae

:

| Name<br>Date of Birth       | : | DR SATI SHANKAR SINGH<br>09.12.1959<br>December Nine, Nineteen Hundred<br>Fifty Nine   |
|-----------------------------|---|--|
| Fathers Name                | : | Late Sri Kashi Prasad Singh  |
| Present position            | : | Director, ICAR-Agricultural Technology   |
| Present Organization        | : | Application Research Institute, Kolkata<br>Indian Council of Agricultural Research   |
| Address (i) Postal - Office | : | ICAR-Agricultural Technology Application<br>Research Institute, Bhumi Vihar Complex, Block<br>GB, Sector-III, Salt Lake, Kolkata-700097,<br>West Bengal<br>E-mail:- sssinghpatna@yahoo.co.in<br>Ph: 03323352355, Extn. 101 Fax –03323352380,<br>7897463399 (M) |
| (ii) Permanent              | : | Village – Susela (Dih) P.O. – Kindhaura<br>Distt. – Gonda (U.P.) – 271 403, India  |

#### **Educational Qualifications**

| Degree               | Year | OGPA            | Major Subject                     | University                | Remark                           |
|----------------------|------|-----------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Ph. D.               | 1987 | 8.517<br>/10.00 | Agronomy<br>(WM)                  | NDUA&T<br>Faizabad (U.P.) | Sr. Research<br>Fellowship, ICAR |
| M. Sc. (Ag)          | 1983 | 3.916<br>/4.00  | Agronomy                          | NDUA&T<br>Faizabad (U.P.) | -                                |
| B. Sc.<br>(Ag & A.H) | 1981 | 3.948<br>/4.00  | Agriculture &<br>Animal Husbandry | CSAUA&T Kanpur<br>(U.P.)  | Third Rank in<br>University      |

#### Awards and fellowships

- Rajeev Gandhi Gyan Vigyan Award 2014 from Ministry of Home Affair, Govt of India
- Fellow of Indian Society of Agronomy 2010 for excellent contribution in the Agronomy.
- ICAR Award for Excellent Team Research in Social Science in 2004 for Technology Assessment and Refinement through Institute Village Linkage Programme.
- Appreciation from Ambassador of USA, Nancy J. Powell in 2013 for USAID work.
- Certificate of Honor from National Association for Voluntary Initiative & Cooperation, Varanasi (U.P.) in 2004 for the work of sodic land reclamation in Bihar.
- ICAR Senior Research Fellowship.

#### Area of specialization

- Pulses agronomy and conservation agriiculture
- Land and water management with resource conservation technologies (RCTs)
- Farmers' participatory research / technology assessment and refinement (TAR)

- Rice , wheat , maize crop management and integrated farming system research (IFS)
  Inter institutional multidisciplinary collaborative project work

### **Employment Record & Experience (Starting from the present position**)

| Designation   | Pay<br>scale<br>(INR)                       | Nature of<br>work  | Organization   | Institution &<br>Place of posting  | Period<br>(From-to)  | Duration<br>(years,<br>months) |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|--------------------------------|
| Director  | 37400-<br>67000<br>+ RGP<br>10000           | Extension<br>Research<br>leadership<br>and<br>management | ICAR   | ICAR-ATARI,<br>Kolkata   | 12-04-2017 to<br>till date                                     |                                |
| Head,<br>Division of<br>Crop<br>Production<br>Head,                   | 37400-<br>67000<br>+ RGP<br>10000<br>37400- | Research<br>leadership<br>and<br>management<br>Research  | ICAR<br>ICAR   | ICAR-IIPR,<br>Kanpur   | 22-01-2014 to<br>11-04-2017                                    | 8 Years                        |
| Division of<br>Crop<br>Research                                       | 67000<br>+ RGP<br>10000                     | leadership<br>and<br>management                          |  | ICAR-RCER,<br>Patna  | 29.4.2009<br>to 21-01-2014                                     | 02 V                           |
| Principal<br>Scientist<br>(Agronomy)                                  | 37400-<br>67000<br>+ RGP<br>10000           | Research<br>and<br>Extension                             | ICAR   | ICAR-RCER,<br>Patna  | 01.09.2006 to<br>28.04.2009                                    | 02 Years<br>08 month           |
| Research<br>Scientist<br>(Agronomy)                                   | Basic<br>29,000<br>Total<br>67,500          | Research<br>Coordination<br>&<br>Monitoring              | RWC-<br>CIMMYT<br>Mexico<br>( CGIAR )                                    | RWC/CIMMYT<br>India,<br>(Based at Patna<br>for Eastern India)                            | 22.06.2004 to<br>31.08.2006                                    | 02 Years<br>02 months          |
| Senior<br>Scientist<br>(Agronomy)                                     | 12,000<br>-<br>18,300                       | Research<br>and<br>Extension                             | ICAR   | CSWCR&TI RC,<br>Koraput , Orissa<br><br>DWMR/ ICAR-<br>RCER, Patna                       | 08.06.1998 to<br>13.09.1999<br><br>14.09.1999 to<br>21.06.2004 | 5 years<br>1 months            |
| Junior<br>Scientist –<br>cum-<br>Assistant<br>Professor<br>(Agronomy) | 10,000-<br>15,300                           | Teaching ,<br>Research<br>and<br>Extension               | Rajendra<br>Agricultural<br>University ,<br>Pusa,<br>Samastipur<br>Bihar | P.G. Dept of Agron<br>( 06/1996 to 5/1995<br><br>Rice Research Uni<br>( 06/1992 to 5/199 | 8)<br>t Pusa   | 7 years                        |
| (The following)   | 2200-<br>4000                               | Research<br>and<br>Extension                             |  | GADA Muzaffarpu<br>( 08/1989 to  | 5/1992)<br>Research Station,                                   | 5 years                        |

## **International Exposure**

| Country     | Purpose / Subject title  | Year     | Duration           | Sponsor                         |
|-------------|--|----------|--------------------|---------------------------------|
| Australia   | Fifth World Congress on Conservation Agriculture<br>& Farming Systems Design Congress  | 2011     | Sept. 26-29        | ACIAR                           |
| USA         | DFID – RIU Project review meeting workshop   | 2009     | Oct 03- 07         | DFID                            |
| U.K.        | DFID – RIU Project review meeting workshop   | 2009     | Sept 27 – Oct 02   | DFID                            |
| Philippines | CSISA Project (Objective – 02) planning workshop   | 2009     | March 23-24        | IRRI                            |
| Thailand    | Project Planning workshop on RIU in south Asia   | 2008     | June 19-23         | DFID                            |
| Mexico      | Training on Zero Tillage and Bed Planting  | 2006     | May 22 - June 23   | USID                            |
| Bangladesh  | Workshop & review meeting at BARC Dhaka;<br>Visit at BRRI and BARI Joydebpur, Gazipur  | 2005     | Feb 2-6            | IFAD                            |
| U.K.        | Training on Characterizing key environmental<br>parameters that determine soil and crop<br>management decisions  | 2001     | August<br>20 – 31  | DFID                            |
| Paper/Poste | r Presented in International Events – Seminar/   | Symposiu | m/Conferences/worl | kshop etc.                      |
| USA         | <b>Singh, S.S.,</b> Khan, A.R., Sikka, A.K., and Gupta,<br>Raj K Air and soil pollution reduction through<br>conservation agriculture in Indo Gangetic Plains. | 2006     | July 9-15          | 18 <sup>th</sup><br>WCSS<br>USA |
| Mexico      | <b>Singh, S.S</b> Bed Planting in Rice – Wheat Systems in Eastern India – Scope and constraints  | 2006     | June 20            | USAID                           |
| Bangladesh  | <b>Singh, S.S</b> and Bhattacharya P.B. Resource<br>Conservation Technologies Acceleration in Bihar<br>and West Bengal   | 2005     | Feb 3              | IFAD                            |
| U.K.        | <b>Singh, S.S</b> People participation in natural resource management in Bihar   | 2001     | August 28          | DFID                            |

### Trainings attended in the relevant field of specialization

| Title   | Duration           | Institution   | Year |
|---|--------------------|---|------|
| Agricultural Innovation System  | November 12-<br>14 | ACIAR/CRISP at Budha<br>Heritage, Patna                 | 2013 |
| Management Development Programme on<br>Leadership Development (a Pre-RMP Programme)         | October 8-19       | NAARM, Hyderabad  | 2012 |
| Communication Skills  | October 25-27      | Institute of Secretariat & Management, New Delhi        | 2010 |
| Leadership Development for Innovation in Agriculture  | Dec. 22 – 26       | IIM, Lucknow  | 2008 |
| Zero Tillage and Bed Planting   | May 22-June 23     | CIMMYT , Mexico   | 2006 |
| Charactering key environmental parameter that determines soil and crop management decisions | August 21-31       | Institute for Arable Crops<br>Research, Rothamsted U.K. | 2001 |
| Agricultural research prioritization techniques   | August 21-26       | NAARM, Hyderabad  | 2000 |
| Integrated water management for crop production   | June 2-25          | MPKV Rahuri , MS  | 1997 |

| Remote sensing application to agriculture and soils                           | August 19- Sept  | NBSS& LUP Nagpur               | 1997 |
|---|------------------|--------------------------------|------|
| Integrated nutrient management in intensive cropping system                   | June 22- July 11 | GBPUAT, Pantnagar (U.P)        | 1995 |
| Computer aided experimental design and data analysis course                   | Sept. 20- Oct 1  | NDUAT Faizabad (U.P)           | 1995 |
| Integrated farming system research and management for sustainable agriculture | June 6-15        | TNAU Coimbatore<br>(TamilNadu) | 1994 |
| Improved written communication  | June 8-12        | RKM Narendrapur West<br>Bengal | 1993 |
| Improved written communications   | Dec.1-8          | IGKVV, Raipur (M.P)            | 1992 |
| Water management under humid and sub-humid regions                            | Dec. 2-29        | WTC, IARI, New Delhi           | 1991 |

## Leadership initiatives for Research Management

| Post   |   | Duration   | Institution / Organization             |
|--|---|--|--|
| Head of Division, Crop Production<br>Scientist/PS (Agronomy)<br>Head of Division, Crop Research<br>Scientist/PS (Agronomy)   |   | January 2014 to March 2017<br>April 2009 to January 2014   | IICAR-IIPR, Kanpur<br>ICAR-RCER, Patna |
| Research Scientist (Agrono   | omy)  | June 2004 to August 2006   | CIMMYT India                           |
| <ul> <li>Linkages established<br/>Head, Crop Production<br/>Division (2014-15)</li> <li>Institute projects</li> <li>Farm development</li> <li>Flagship research<br/>(rice-fallow)</li> </ul>   | No-03<br>No-02<br>No-04   | IISS Bhopal, DWSR Jabbalpur<br>CIAE Bhopal and CWSCRTI-RC Agra<br>BCKV Kalyani, ICAR-NEH Barapani, TRRI Aduthutai, IGKV Raip   |  |
| Head, Division of Crop<br>Research (2009-14)<br>• AICRP on Crops<br>• CSISA Projects<br>• NAIP (Comp - 4)<br>• IFS<br>IRRAS/IRRI (2012)<br>IFS/IRRI (2010)<br>RIU – DFID (2008)<br>USAID project (2004-06)<br>IFAD Project (2004-06) | No 05<br>No 04<br>No 03<br>No 01<br>No 03<br>No 04<br>No 05<br>No 14<br>No 02 | DWR Karnal, IIPR Kanpur, DMR Delhi, DRMR Bhartpur, DRR Hyd<br>CIMMYT India, IRRI, TNAU, CSSRI Karnal, BARI Bangladesh<br>OUAT Bhubaneswar, IIT Kharagpur, CRIDA Hyderabad<br>PDFSR Modipuram<br>BAU Sabour, RAU Pusa, CRS Patna<br>CSSRI, PDFSR, PAU, UBKV<br>GYA (UK), CPSL Bihar, BRLP Bihar, MPRLP M.P. and Baxis Bihar<br>States-03 (East UP, Bihar and WB)- New centers were opened<br>CSAUAT, IISR, BHU, NDUAT, ICAR-RCER, NGOs KVKs in Biha<br>Dept. Agric. WB, NGOs in WB on behalf of RWC/CIMMYT India<br>NDUAT KVK Mau (U.P.) and ICAR-RCER, Patna (Bihar) |  |

| Initiation of Multi-<br>disciplinary networking<br>programmes | <ul> <li>Outcome</li> <li>ICAR institutes have identified to Patna as center for AICRP on wheat, maize, lentil, pigeon pea, mung after my joining as Head</li> <li>Consortium mode project on Climate Change sanctioned by NAIP Comp – 4</li> <li>Centre for networking project on IFS headed by PDFSR, Modipuram</li> </ul> |
|---|--|
|---|--|

### Bringing recognition to institution and Personnel

| Detail   | No. of<br>Awards | Details   | Year          |
|--|------------------|---|---------------|
| Rajiv Gandhi Rastriya gyan-<br>vigyan moulik pustak lekhan<br>puroskar   | One              | The award was given by Ministry of Home<br>Affairs, GOI for the book "Samokit Krishi<br>Pranali- ek Brihad dristikon"   | 2015          |
| Sriram award for best article on pulses in Khad Patrika  | One              | For best article in "Khad Patrika" published by<br>Fertilizer Association of India  | 2014          |
| Fellow of ISA  | One              | Indian Society of Agronomy has confirmed as<br>fellow the Indina Society of Agronomy for for<br>outstanding work in the subject   | 2012          |
| One landless farmwoman, Smt.<br>Lalmuni Devi has been conferred on<br>State honour Navin Kishor Sinha<br>award for poverty alleviation           | One              | As facilitator from CIMMYT guided ICAR-<br>RCER, Patna to adopt village Azadnagar, Patna<br>for IFAD Project in 2004. Later on worked as Co-<br>PI in project after deputation from CIMMYT. The   | 2006          |
| One share cropper young farmer<br>(Jitendra Kumar) have been<br>awarded state lavel Navin Kishor<br>Sinha award                                  | One              | work was focused on alternative Livelihood support system for resource poor families.   | 2007          |
| One progressive farmer<br>(Sudhanshu Singh, Patna) was<br>awarded as "Kishan Bhusan"<br>with cash prize Rs. 2.0 lakhs by<br>Bihar Govt.          | One              | As CCPI of NATP (RCTs) arranged the training of<br>the farmer and demonstration. He became very<br>active member of upscaling. Further in USAID<br>Project he was supported for RCTs.   | 2007          |
| One farmer Shri Ram Jeet Sharma<br>(Bagha Khol, Patna) was awarded as<br>Kisan Shree (Rs. One Lakh) by Govt<br>of Bihar on 22 August 2007.       | One              | As facilitator from CIMMYT helped ICAR-<br>RCER, Patna to adopt farmer for USAID Project<br>work on RCTs in 2004. Later on worked as Co-PI<br>in project after deputation.  | 2007          |
| One unemploed youth farmer Anil<br>Kumar (Bhelura Rampur, Patna) was<br>awarded as Kisan Shree (Rs. One<br>Lakh) by Govt of Bihar                | One              | As Co-PI initiated, formulated and guided on<br>horticulture nursery promotion. The focus was on<br>quality planting material as income generation<br>under irrigated canal system  | 2007          |
| Excellent Team Research Award by<br>ICAR to NATP (ICAR) sponsored<br>project on Institute Village Linkage<br>Programme to ICAR-RCER, Patna       | One              | As Co-PI initiated, formulated and contributed on<br>Rice-Wheat system production system refinement.<br>Total 22 technologies were assessed and refined.<br>The focus was on natural resource management in<br>rice – wheat system under irrigated canal system | 2004          |
| Base Camp office of RWC /<br>CIMMYT at ICAR-RCER, Patna for<br>USAID project on Resource<br>Conservation Technologies in Rice –<br>wheat system. | One              | As CCPI, the work under NATP on Resource<br>Conservation Technologies in Rice Wheat system<br>was well appreciated and RWC/CIMMYT<br>employed for coordination and monitoring USAID   | 2004-<br>2006 |

|  |     | project with base camp at ICAR-RCER, Patna   |               |
|--|-----|--|---------------|
| Excellent Team Research Award by<br>ICAR to CSWCRTI RC, Koraput,<br>Orissa                   | One | As team member initiated the work in 1999 on<br>watershed management at Kokriguda, Koraput<br>Orissa. After six month work, left centre in<br>September 1999.  | 1999          |
| Sodic land Reclamation Project of<br>Rs 400 million in Bihar sponsored<br>by European Union. | One | Work as Agronomist in ORP Water Management at<br>Jian Minor, Patna (1989-1992) in Gandak<br>Command with focused on sodic land reclamation<br>which was recognised by EU team and sponsored<br>mega project. | 1994-<br>1998 |

### **In-service Awards/Recognition**

| Name of the Award/<br>Prize/Recognition /Reviewer  | Awarding<br>Organization<br>(Place / country)                                    | Year | Nat. / Int.,<br>Institutional/<br>Professional<br>Society | Individual/<br>Collaborative |
|--|--|------|---|------------------------------|
| Rajib Gandhi Rastriya gyan-vigyan<br>moulik pustak lekhan puroskar                                   | Government of India  | 2015 | National  | Individual                   |
| Sriram award for best article on pulses<br>in Khad Patrika   | Fertilizer<br>Association of India   | 2014 | National  | Collaborative                |
| Letter of appreciation for Coservation<br>Agriculture adoption in Rural Bihar<br>under CSISA Project | Ambassador of USA<br>to India,<br>HerHighness Nancy<br>J. Powell                 | 2013 | International   | Individual                   |
| Fellow, Indian Society of Agronomy   | Indian Society of<br>Agronomy, New<br>Delhi                                      | 2012 | National  | Individual                   |
| Member national committee on<br>agricultural management for Koshi<br>flood 2008                      | ICAR, New Delhi  | 2008 | National  | Collaborative                |
| ICAR Award for Excellent Team<br>Research in Social Science  | ICAR, New Delhi  | 2004 | National  | Collaborative                |
| Certificate of Honor for sodic land<br>reclamation work in Bihar                                     | National Association<br>for Voluntary<br>Initiative & Co-<br>operation, Varanasi | 2004 | National  | Individual                   |
| Member sodic land review team 2000   | ICAR, New Delhi  | 2000 | National  | Collaborative                |

## Teaching

| Item   | Details   | Year(s)  |
|--|---|--|
| Courses taught at<br>PG level<br>Designing of course<br>curriculum<br>(PG level) | <ul> <li>Farming Systems</li> <li>Contingency Crop Management</li> <li>Water Management</li> <li>Wetland Management</li> <li>Soil Management</li> <li>Fiber, Narcotics and Plantation Crops</li> <li>Management of Problem Soils</li> </ul>                       | 1992-1998<br>1990-1996<br>1994-1997<br>1993-1998<br>1994-1996<br>1992-1998<br>1994 |
| Major Guide for<br>M.Sc. / Ph.D.   | <ul> <li>Guided two M.Sc. Ag Agronomy students in RAU<br/>Pusa ,Bihar as major advisor</li> <li>Co-guided five M. Sc. Ag students of Agronomy, Soil<br/>Science and Extension Education in RAU , Bihar</li> <li>Guiding three PhD students of Agronomy</li> </ul> | 1995 -1997<br>1993-1998<br>2012 to till date                                       |

### Research

- Potential pulse inclusive cereal based rotations for upland and lowland production system has been identified. Long-term effect of pulses in conventional cereal based rotations was assessed.
- Resource conservation practices have been developed for promoting pulses in rice fallow production system.
- Contributed in development of rice variety Swarn Shreya as an Agronomist in ICAR RCER Patna for drought prone condition of Bihar
- Got training on important aspects of agricultural research at CIMMYT Mexico, IRRI Philippines, IACR Rothamsted, TNAU, GBPUAT, WTC IARI, NBSS& LUP, NDUAT and IGKVV Raipur.
- Developed package practices for flood prone rice area of north Bihar( mixed cropping of flood prone rice + short duration summer crops (mungbean, sesame or jute) with normal seed rate of rice + 60 per cent seed rate of mixed/ intercrop, use of P as basal and one hand weeding after mixed/ intercrop harvest)
- Developed Integrated farming system (IFS) model for deepwater rice system (rice + fish + mungbean + sesbania fuel + creeping vegetables + pigeon pea) with changed land configurations.
- Developed two IFS models of one (Food crops + Vegetable + goat + poultry + Mushroom + vermicompost) and two acres (Food crops + vegetable + fruits + cows + Duck + fish) for irrigated midland of eastern India. Validated those IFS components at farmer's field under NAIP -3.
- First time in Bihar started farmers participatory research on resource conservation technologies (RCTs) in 2001 on zero tillage (ZT) wheat, ZT direct seeded rice (DSR), surface seeded wheat.
- Did farmers participatory research validation and refinement on second generation RCTs on ZT wheat (paired row, equal row, strip row) using inclined plate roller, double disc,

punch planter, rotary till disc drills. Surface seeded wheat with balance NPK, ZT sown gram and lentil in tal area and rice fallow, laser land leveling, ZT DSR with Sesbania coculture and use of pre plus post emergence herbicides + LCC for N management, bed planted wheat under timely sown condition, bed planted kharif QPM maize for water management, bed planted winter maize with inter crops, RCTs for terminal heat management in wheat.

- In third generation RCTs evaluated unpuddle mechanical transplanting of rice , use of turbo happy seeder for rice and wheat establishment in high residue load of previous crop, and conservation agriculture (minimum soil disturbance , residue retention and crop diversification ) in rice winter maize , rice wheat cowpea / mung and rice maize + potato cowpea system suiting for eastern India .
- Developed transplanted winter maize technology raising nursery with FYM + soil + sand and its transplanting at 35 days in rice harvested fields having proper moisture.
- Participatory assessment of fish pond for multiple uses of Irrigation Water-routing irrigation water through fish pond for increased productivity of fish and crop .
- Feasibility of rice + fish culture in waterlogged lands of canal command was found out.
- Rice yield was found to increase by use of Ipomoea *cornea* as green leaf manure.
- Contingency cropping (mustard, rajmash and maize on residual soil moisture) was explored in deepwater rice area because of rice failure due to drought in Bihar.
- Potential of rainfed winter crops was explored after photosensitive rice in lowland calcareous soils of north Bihar. Rajmash, wheat (RW 3016) and sweet potato were found most suitable rainfed winter crops. The other suitable crops were barley, wheat (Sonali) and bakla.
- Introduced extra early pigeon pea (ICPL 88039) and summer green gram for crop diversification & crop intensification in rice wheat system.
- As Agronomist in RAU, Pusa, on-farm evaluated to release five rice varieties;
  - 1. Prabhat (90 days) for upland, multiple cropping
  - 2. Turant Dhan (75 days) for contingency cropping
  - 3. Satyam and Kisori (both 150 days) for Rainfed Lowland
  - 4. Saroj (180 days) for boro season/spring planting
- **Concept** -Non-deterministic Dialectic Approach to PTD for Livelihood improvement was innovated. Key ideas / technologies are broadcasted to existing interested poorer groups. Local professionals / entrepreneurs emerge seeing opportunities for 'delivery of services to the door' and are involved in the research and rapidly establish links with as potential customers.
- Rainfall and temperature variability of Bihar over the time (20-100 years) were analyzed for predicted climate change. Experiments in OTC on basic studies and in open field were carried out to see the effect of predicted climate change (1 degree increased temperature and 25% more CO2) on rice and wheat crops and its mitigation practices (variety change, CA practices, N splitting, biofertilizer use) in Bihar.
- Growing kharif rice nursery with use of ground water and its timely transplanting on yield, economics and water saving in canal commands was found best to increase system productivity. Seedling rose with groundwater irrigation and established early July; the rice crop could use rain water and reduced irrigation need during the later period. This facilitated timely transplanting of rice and wheat and system productivity could be doubled from 7 t/ha to 12.5 t/ha in Patna.
- Possibility of border irrigation and its effect on water saving and yield in wheat of canal irrigated area under field -to-field irrigation was found out.
- In heavy textured soil of south Bihar, 25 per cent NPK in wheat crop can be saved with

the use of FYM @ 15 t/ha.

- Suitability of wheat crop establishment methods (ZT, FIRB and Conventional till) and irrigation depth was found out for south Bihar. About 27 percent irrigation water saving was recorded in 1st irrigation under ZT wheat. The 5 cm irrigation water depth in wheat crop under ZT is most economical while better root growth with 7 cm depth.
- Crop diversification in rice based system by winter maize + potato and summer vegetables in north Bihar.
- Technology for boro rice and its potential in water logged canal commands of south Bihar boro rice nursery raising was possible with use of FYM @ 15t/ha in November sown and in January sown condition use of polyhouse with use of FYM@ 15t/ha.
- Developed management practices for nematode in rice field at BTL through soil solarization of nursery field, application of nematicide and flooding water in alone or combination as per need.
- Deep summer ploughing (>25cm) at three years interval was found best to improve health of soil and crop in rice wheat system in heavy soil when partial CA practice adoption. (zero tillage on wheat, puddle transplanting of rice and no residue retention)
- Best tillage management in rice- winter maize system Unpuddle transplanting of rice followed by ZT winter maize with 30 % residue retention in both crops in south Bihar.
- For resource management and maximization of late sown wheat productivity in north Bihar, the furrow mulching of FYM @ 10 t/ha along with 125 kg/ha seed and 125 N + 60 P2 O5+ 40 K<sub>2</sub>O was found best combination
- Under extreme late planting in rainfed lowland conditions of north Bihar, the *Indica* type rice varieties were found superior over *japonica* rice. Weakly photosensitive medium bold seeded rice variety Rajshree was found suitable up to 31 August planting. Course grained *indica* variety Vaidehi was found suitable only up to 21 August planting. Scented indica varieties Sugandha and Kamini were found suitable up to 10 September planting.
- For timely planted irrigated lowland ecosystem of north Bihar, rice variety Rajshree was rated to be the best at low level of nitrogen (40 kg/ha). Rice variety IET 8002 performed up to 160 kg N/ha and was the most exhaustive
- In north Bihar, the maximum productivity is in rice-potato-green gram cropping system with maximum zinc and iron uptake.
- In order to maintain the sustainable productivity of rice-wheat system and soil health, FYM @ 6.5 t/h on dry matter basis should be applied to the rice crop with 60 kg N + 30 kg P2O5 + 20 kg K<sub>2</sub> O/ ha to each rice and wheat crops grown in sequence.
- The potential of winter maize in lowland rice farming system of north Bihar was explored.
- Weed management technology in transplanted rice and wheat of north eastern Bihar.
- Spatial arrangement in wheat: mustard (9:1) intercropping in NE Bihar was found out.
- Response of mustard was found to irrigation (0.6 IW/CPE ratio) and nitrogen (120 Kg/ha) in newly reclaimed soil of eastern U.P.

## Externally funded projects

| Type of<br>project                  | Details such as Title,<br>PI/Co-PI, Allocation, etc   | Duration                | Accomplishments  | Initiation /<br>Formulation | Individual /<br>Collaborative |
|-------------------------------------|---|-------------------------|--|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Externally<br>Funded-<br>NASF       | Mitigating Abiotic<br>Stresses and Enhancing<br>Resource-use Efficiency<br>in Pulses in Rice<br>Fallows through<br>Innovative Resource<br>Conservation Practices (<br>NASF- ICAR)<br>PI<br>Allocation: Rs. 244.4<br>lakhs                       | 5 years                 | Identification of abiotic stresses in rice<br>fallows and its mitigating practices for pulse<br>production.<br>Three types of rice fallows and there<br>characterstics have been identified. Use of<br>crop varities and conservation agriculture<br>practices have standardized for three types<br>follows for pulse production in winter<br>season.  | Formulation                 | Collaborative                 |
| Externally<br>Funded-<br>IRRAS/IRRI | ImprovedRiceBasedRainfedAgricultureSysteminBihar(IRRAS)PIAllocation:Rs. 24lakhs   | 4/2012<br>to<br>06/2015 | This project is focused to establish and<br>implement an adaptive research pipeline<br>addressing agronomic technologies for<br>rainfed, rice based agriculture in Bihar, to<br>develop, validate, refine and demonstration<br>best agronomic technologies for improved<br>rice varieties along with complementary<br>crops to increase the productivity and reduce<br>the risk of rice based systems in both the<br>kharif and rabi seasons, and establish a<br>knowledge exchange network that converges<br>knowledge exchange actors & facilitates<br>their interaction with the adaptive research<br>pipelines.                              | Formulation                 | Collaborative                 |
| Externally<br>Funded-<br>IFAD/IRRI  | Accelerating Resource-<br>Conserving Technology<br>(RCT) Adoption to<br>Improve Food Security<br>And Rural Livelihoods<br>While Reducing<br>Adverse Environmental<br>Impacts in the Indo-<br>Gangetic Plains<br>CCPI<br>Allocation: 49,400 US\$ | 4/2011<br>to<br>12/2012 | This project seeks to accelerate the adoption<br>of technologies that will increase the<br>productivity, profitability, and sustainability<br>of rice-based cropping systems across the<br>IGP through the refinement and targeting of<br>technologies tailored to different<br>agroecological and socioeconomic<br>conditions, and through the outscaling of<br>validated technologies. Outscaling will be<br>enabled by developing strong links with<br>relevant development projects, and with<br>others charged with promoting technologies<br>to small and marginal farmers (e.g., NARES,<br>NGOs, other projects, and the private sector). | Formulation                 | Collaborative                 |

| Externally<br>Funded-<br>BMGF/IRRI                  | Crop and Resource<br>Management for<br>Sustainable Future<br>Cereal Based System –<br>CSISA - 2<br>CCPI<br>Allocation:4.00 M INR  | 10/2009<br>to<br>12/2011 | The project is focused on objective -02 of<br>CSISA Project i.e. strategic experimental<br>platforms for future cereal systems. ICAR –<br>RCER, Patna is one centre as CSSRI,<br>Karnal, Haryana, TNAU, Coimbtore and<br>BARI/BRRI, Bangladesh. The activities are<br>on participatory adaptation of new crop and<br>resource management technologies for CA<br>systems, experimental platforms: new<br>generation of resource-efficient, high-<br>yielding cereal systems, operating in<br>Objective 1 hubs and selected other areas<br>and interactions with breeding programs. | Formulation | Collaborative |
|---|---|--------------------------|---|-------------|---------------|
| Externally<br>Funded-<br>BMGF/IRRI                  | Delivery and Rolling<br>Out of Conservation<br>Agriculture based<br>Resource Conserving<br>Technologies<br>(CSISA–1) <b>Co-PI</b><br><b>Allocation:</b> 1.0 M INR                         | 04/2010<br>to<br>12/2011 | Local synthesis of cereal farming knowledge<br>for greater impact. Design and implement<br>pilot schemes for improved delivery of seeds<br>and modern technologies in Patna. Design<br>business models and outscaling strategies for<br>large scale roll-out of technologies through<br>public and private sector channels  | Formulation | Collaborative |
| Externally<br>Funded-<br>NAIP –Comp<br>– IV / ICAR  | Modeling the<br>performance of a few<br>major cropping systems<br>in Eastern India in the<br>light of projected<br>climate change<br><b>CCPI</b><br><b>Allocation:</b> 3.62 M INR         | 01/2009<br>to<br>03/2012 | The project is focused on to prepare climate<br>change scenarios, occurrence of extreme<br>weather events and their agro-climatic<br>analysis, to prepare diseases projections in<br>rice-wheat cropping system under projected<br>climate scenarios and modelling the impact<br>of projected climate scenarios on<br>performance of rice-wheat cropping system<br>and their resource use efficiency to identify<br>potential adaptation measures for Bihar.  | Formulation | Collaborative |
| Externally<br>Funded-<br>DFID-RIU                   | Promoting Sustainable<br>Livelihood<br>Development (P1064<br>Rojiroti – <b>CO- PI</b><br><b>Allocation</b> : 5.5 M INR  | 7/2008 to<br>6/2011      | The project is focused on Livelihood<br>improvement of resource poor rural families<br>around natural resources through SHGs,<br>microfinance and agricultural activities in 12<br>districts of 03 states (Bihar, East U.P. and<br>MP). Improving service delivery enabling<br>significantly number of RNR dependent poor<br>to benefit from and access to agricultural<br>services are task for ICAR-RCER, Patna   | Formulation | Collaborative |
| Externally<br>Funded-<br>NAIP –Comp<br>– III / ICAR | Sustainable Livelihood<br>Improvement through<br>Need Based Integrated<br>Farming System Models<br>in Disadvantaged Districts<br>of Bihar. <b>Co-PI</b><br><b>Allocation :</b> 7.70 M INR | 4/2008<br>to 3/2012      | Integrated Farming System Model evaluation and<br>up scaling is being done in four districts of Bihar<br>in consortium mode with RAU, BAIF, CIFRI. As<br>Site Coordinator, working in Vaishali district at<br>two sites with focus on irrigated and flooded<br>system.  | Formulation | Collaborative |

| Externally<br>Funded-<br>USAID-IRRI   | Revitalizing the Rice-<br>wheat cropping systems of<br>the Indo-gangetic Plains:<br>adaption and Adoption of<br>Resource Conservation<br>Technologies in India ,<br>Bangladesh and Nepal .<br><b>CO-PI</b><br><b>Allocation :</b> 1.12 M INR | 10/2008<br>to<br>3/2009  | Upscaling of RCTs and demonstration to<br>improve the production technologies and<br>sustainable diversification in rice-wheat systems<br>of Indogangetic Plains of eastern India   | Formulation   | Collaborative |
|---|--|--|---|---------------|---------------|
| Externally<br>funded<br>( USAID<br>through<br>RWC/<br>CIMMYT)   | Accelerating the tillage<br>revolution in the Indus-<br>Ganges basin: Fostering<br>adoption of resource<br>conserving technologies to<br>promote economic<br>growth, resource<br>conservation, and food<br>security                          | 06/2004<br>to<br>08/2006   | As project manager , Second generation<br>resource conserving technologies (RCTs) in<br>participatory mode on farmers' field in Rice-<br>Wheat system in eastern IGPs (Eastern U.P.,<br>Bihar and West Bengal) were accelerated<br>through 14 NARS partners including SAU,<br>ICAR institutes , State Dept Agric and NGOs<br>besides service providers and manufacturers. | Formulation   | Collaborative |
| Pro<br>( F<br>All<br><br>Co   | Project Manager<br>(RWC)<br>Allocation: \$ 4.0 M<br><br>Co-PI – ICAR-RCER<br>Allocation: 1.0 M INR   | 09/2006<br>to<br>09/2008   | <ul> <li>Accelerated Second generation RCTs in participatory mode on farmers' field in Rice-Wheat system in 3 districts of Bihar</li> <li>Success stories published in CIMMYT News Letter (Feb. 2006) &amp; CIMMYT Annual Report (2005-06).</li> <li>Two project farmers were awarded Kisan Samman by Govt. of Bihar (22 August 2007)</li> </ul>                          | Formulation   | Collaborative |
| Externally<br>funded<br>(IFAD<br>through  | Multi-Stakeholder<br>programme to accelerate<br>technology adoption to<br>improve rural livelihoods<br>in the Rainfed Eastern<br>Gangetic Plains   | 06/2004<br>to<br>08/2006   | As project manager, Alternate livelihood support<br>system apart from second generation RCTs in<br>Rice- Wheat system in Eastern U.P. and Bihar<br>were accelerated through NDUAT KVK and<br>ICAR - RCER besides service providers and<br>manufacturers.  | Formulation   | Collaborative |
| RWC -<br>CIMMYT )Project Manager<br>(RWC)<br>Allocation: \$ 1.2 MCo- PI - ICAR-RCER<br>Allocation: 0.97 M INR |  | <ul> <li>Alternate livelihood support system apart from second generation RCTs in Rice- Wheat system were accelerated in Bihar</li> <li><i>Three Success stories published by IRRI, Philippines</i></li> <li>One each unemployed rural youth and women farm labour have been awarded at State level &amp; wide coverage at National and International Print &amp; Electronic Media.</li> </ul> | Formulation   | Collaborative |               |
| Externally<br>funded by<br>DFID –<br>NRSP<br>through<br>IACR , U.K.   | Integrated land and water<br>management for<br>enhancing productivity in<br>Bihar and eastern U.P.<br>(NRSP - R 7830)<br><b>Co-PI</b><br><b>Allocation:</b><br>UK £ 2,17,093   | 04/2000<br>to<br>06/2004   | <ul> <li>Sustainable and scalable institutional arrangements at the community level that facilitate livelihood improvement. Practical ways forward for participatory land and water management and to develop a strategic field demonstration to private sector service delivery.</li> <li><i>Results reported in DARE Annual Report 2002-2003 (Page 75)</i></li> </ul>   | Formulation   | Collaborative |

| Externally<br>funded by<br>DFID –<br>NRSP<br>through      | Livelihoods improvement<br>through improved crop<br>and soil management<br>(NRSP - R 7839)- <b>Co-PI</b><br><b>Allocation:</b>   | 04/2000<br>to<br>06/2004                              | <ul> <li>New dialectic approach through PTD in Bihar and Eastern Uttar Pradesh through various Self Help Groups (SHGs) to assess the transfer of technology.</li> <li><i>Results reported in DARE Annual Report</i></li> </ul>   | Formulation              | Collaborative |
|---|--|---|--|--------------------------|---------------|
| IACR , U.K<br>Externally                                  | UK £ 48,472<br>FLD on Quality Protein  |   | <ul> <li>Results reported in DAKE Annual Report<br/>2002-2003 (Page 75)</li> <li>QPM were demonstrated in 7 states with RCTs.</li> </ul>   |                          |               |
| funded by<br>DAC, MoA                                     | Maize (QPM) with RCTs<br>- PI<br>Alloc – 2.8 M INR   | 06/2004<br>to<br>08/2006                              | First time NARS were convinced on success of QPM at farmer's field. W.B. state has started QPM seed production at farmers field for FLD.   | Formulation              | Collaborative |
| Externally<br>funded by<br><b>NATP</b><br>( <b>ICAR</b> ) | Accelerating the Adoption<br>of Resource Conservation<br>Technologies for farm<br>level impact on<br>Sustainability of Rice-<br>Wheat Systems of the<br>Indo Gangetic Plains-<br>CCPI<br>Allocation: 2.0 M INR           | 04/2001<br>to<br>06/2004                              | <ul> <li>Accelerated RCTs in Rice – Wheat system in 22 districts of Bihar. Resource saving (Rs 1500/ha) and increased yield by 8-12 q/ha in zero till wheat , Rs 4500/ha saving direct seeded rice were found at farmers field. Surface seeded wheat , zero till rabi pulses and bed planted maize were other RCTs. Policy makers were sensitized.</li> <li>The state govt. has given 25- 50% subsidy to farmers on ZT drills.</li> </ul>  | Formulation              | Collaborative |
| Externally<br>funded by<br>NATP (DAC)                     | Development of<br>Prototypes of Industrial<br>Designs of Agricultural<br>Implements including<br>Horticultural Equipment<br>and their trial at farmer's<br>fields through ICAR-<br>CCPI<br>Allocation : 1.2 M INR        | 04/2001<br>to<br>06/2004<br>and<br>2004<br>to<br>2006 | Evaluated the mechanization of tillage practices<br>through modern equipments like Zero till multi<br>crop drill, rotary disc drill, bed planter, bed<br>shaper, potato planter and modular power tiller<br>Bed planting refinement for direct seeded/<br>transplanted rice, wheat and maize including<br>winter crops diversification. Need based<br>refinement in machines were done.  | Formulation              | Collaborative |
| Externally<br>funded by<br>NATP<br>( ICAR)                | Technology Assessment<br>and Refinement through<br>Institute Village Linkage<br>Programme in Irrigated<br>Agro-Eco Region In the<br>Command of Sone Canal<br>System, Bihar- <b>Co-PI</b><br><b>Allocation:</b> 2.8 M INR | 04/2000<br>to<br>06/2004                              | Technologies were assessed and refined in Rice –<br>Wheat Systems on land, water and crop<br>management ; peoples participation in NRM ,<br>common property resource management,<br>alternate livelihood support system, income<br>generation through fruit crop nursery. The site is<br>regularly visited by ATMA , NGOs and state<br>govt. trainees for exposure case study. The<br>project was awarded Excellent Team Research (<br>2004). Two adopted farmers were awarded by<br>state govt. | Formulation              | Collaborative |
| Institutional   | Effect of tillage and water<br>management practices on<br>soil and crop under rice-<br>wheat cropping systems<br>of south Bihar - <b>PI</b><br><b>Allocation:</b> 1.64 M INR   | 04/2003 –<br>11/2009                                  | Studies on long term effect of deep summer<br>ploughing (DSP) followed by secondary tillage<br>on soil and crop production in rice-wheat system<br>of heavy soil under puddling in kharif and Zero<br>till in winter is being taken. The effect DSP on<br>physical edaphic properties of soil, nematode<br>population, root development & other agronomic<br>parameters are studied. DSP in 3 years is found<br>superior. Transplanting of rice by planking is<br>superior over puddling.        | Initiation / Formulation | Collaborative |

| Institutional                                | Irrigation and nutrient<br>management in heavy<br>soils of Bihar<br>PI<br>Allocation: 0.9 M INR       | 1999<br>to<br>2004       | For wheat in south Bihar, a combination of<br>irrigation at CRI + Late tillering + milking +<br>dough stages with 75% NPK + FYM 15/ha was<br>found suitable for progressive farmers. Under<br>limited water supply 3 irrigations at CRI +<br>Jointing + Flowering stage in combination of<br>75% NPK or 50% NPK + FYM 15t/ha was<br>found suitable. <b>DARE Annual Report 2003-04</b><br><b>p72</b> | Initiation / Formulation    | Collaborative |
|--|---|--------------------------|---|-----------------------------|---------------|
| Institutional                                | Tillage and water<br>management in wheat<br><b>PI</b><br><b>Allocation:</b> 0.7 M INR                 | 2000-<br>2004            | Zero tillage wheat with 7 cm of irrigation water<br>depth was found most suitable for south Bihar<br>There was 60 % water saving under bed planting<br>but yield was reduced by 10 % . DARE Annual<br>Report 2003-04 p72  | Initiation /<br>Formulation | Collaborative |
| Institutional                                | Potential of boro rice in<br>waterlogged area of Sone<br>Command Bihar<br>PI<br>Allocation: 1.2 M INR | 1999<br>to<br>2004       | Growing of boro rice nursery in November with<br>use of 15 t/ha FYM and in poly house in January<br>for waterlogged land in non-traditional area of<br>south Bihar was found suitable practice for<br>assured nursery availability. Total 14 irrigations<br>with 72.0 cm water required in normal lands. The<br>crop responded up to 150 % NPK (150: 75: 60).<br>DARE Annual Report 2003-04 p72-73  | Initiation /<br>Formulation | Collaborative |
| Externally<br>funded by<br>MORE, GOI         | IWDP Model Watershed,<br>Kokriguda Koraput,<br>Orissa -<br>Co-PI<br>Allocation: 4.0 M INR             | 07/1998<br>to<br>08/1999 | A typical high rainfall watershed of poor tribal<br>area where diversion of perennial water to<br>increase cropping intensity, increased rice yield,<br>introduction of improved vegetable, social<br>forestry were done. The ICAR awarded excellent<br>Team Research 2003.   | Initiation /<br>Formulation | Collaborative |
| Externally<br>funded by<br>European<br>Union | Alkali Land Reclamation<br>Project- <b>Co-PI</b><br>Allocation: 400 M INR                             | 04/1994<br>to<br>12/1997 | The sodic land reclamation of farmers fields in 4<br>districts under Gandak Command was done in<br>collaborative execution of GADA, RAU and<br>NGO. Rice-Wheat system productivity was<br>improved by 250%, mango and litchi plantation<br>was successes, and conjunctive application of<br>irrigation became practice.   | Formulation                 | Collaborative |
| Externally<br>funded by<br>MORE, GOI         | NationalWatershedDevelopmentProject,Larbaiya,Begusarai,Bihar Co PIAllocation: 2.8                     | 04/1995<br>to<br>12/1996 | The watershed of flood prone plain area with<br>high rainfall was focused on integrated farming<br>including fish, field crops, animal, fruits,<br>vegetables and small scale cottage industry<br>support.  | Formulation                 | Collaborative |
| Externally<br>funded by<br>World Bank        | Training and Visit<br>Programme- – <b>Co PI</b><br>Allocation : 1.0 M INR                             | 06/1986<br>to<br>08/1989 | Training on improved production system to state<br>govt. extension machinery in three districts of<br>north Bihar and field visits for exposure.  | Formulation                 | Collaborative |
| Externally<br>funded by<br>ICAR &<br>MoWR    | On-farm Water<br>Management- – Co PI<br>Allocation: 3.2 M INR   | 09/1989<br>to<br>05/1992 | Land and water productivity of sodic land in Jian<br>minor of Gandak command was increased to<br>200%. Rice fallow was converted in Rice- Wheat<br>and Rice- Mustard – Mung . Sixty percent<br>additional area was irrigated due to improved<br>land and water management.  | Formulation                 | Collaborative |

| Externally<br>funded by<br>Ford<br>Foundation | Farming System<br>Research/Extension in<br>flood prone production<br>system – <b>Co PI</b><br><b>Allocation :</b> 5.0 M INR | 06/1992<br>to<br>02/1996 | Integrated farming system for food prone system<br>of north Bihar where photosensitive rice crop is<br>integral part. Mixed cropping of rice with mung,<br>sesame, fodder sorghum and jute were refined.<br>Typical flood land were evaluated for rice+mung<br>+ fish + <i>Sesbania</i> + vegetables + pigeon pea<br>with increased productivity by 90%. Rice<br>varieties were evaluated under farmers situations<br>as feedback for field adoption . Five rice varieties<br>namely <i>Prabhat</i> , <i>Turat Dhan</i> , <i>Satyam</i> , <i>Kishori</i> , | Formulation | Collaborative |
|---|---|--------------------------|--|-------------|---------------|
|   |   |                          | and <i>Saroj</i> were released by RAU Bihar for different conditions.  |             |               |
| Externally<br>funded by<br>ICAR               | National Agricultural<br>Research Project- –<br>Co PI<br>Allocation: 4.2 M INR  | 06/1986<br>to<br>08/1989 | Rice, wheat, sugarcane based crop management<br>practices were evaluated for suitable varieties,<br>improved practices and transfer of technologies.<br>Seed production of sugarcane for sugar mills.  | Formulation | Collaborative |
| Externally<br>funded by<br>ICAR               | Lab to Land Programme—<br>Co PI<br>Allocation: 0.7 M INR  | 06/1986<br>to<br>08/1989 | Improved production practices of rice , wheat<br>and sugarcane were demonstrated at farmers<br>fields.   | Formulation | Collaborative |

## Extension

- Up scaling of IFS Models in Bihar involving state Government, ATMA and Farmers group from 2009 onwards.
- Accelerated RCTs in eastern U.P., Bihar and West Bengal involving NARES, state govts, private sectors, service providers and participatory farmers through various projects funded by USAID, IFAD, NATP and DFID from 2001 to till date.
- Sodic land reclamation in collaboration with Gandak CADA, VASFA (NGO) and Bihar govt in Muzaffarpur and Siwan, Bihar from 1994-1997 through EU project.
- CMS / CPSL (NGO) collaborative technology upscaled through SHGs with micro finance in eastern U.P., M.P. and Bihar.
- Watershed management in tribal area of Koraput, Orissa in collaboration with local institutions from 2008 to 2011 under DID- RIU project.
- Farming System Research / Extension in flood prone rice area under Ford Foundation Project from 1992-1996.
- On-farm water management in Gandak canal commands, Bihar in collaboration with CADA and local Water User Association from 1989 -1992.
- Second and third generation Resource Conservation Technologies (RCTs) in collaboration with KVKs, NARES and farmers associations from 2004-2011.
- Resource poor farm livelihood development through raising vegetable nursery under low tunnel polyhouse, year round mushroom cultivation, duckery and backyard poultry under TAR -IVLP and IFAD project from 2002-2005.
- Multiple use of water through renovated pond (common property) of the village
- Lab to Land programme of ICAR and Training & Visit programme of World Bank in three districts of north western Bihar from 1986-1989.

### Popularization of new technologies

| Title of technology   | Methods<br>adopted                     | Impact assessment  | Individual /<br>Collaborativ<br>e |
|---|--|--|-----------------------------------|
| Spray of 2% urea in pulses<br>at reproductive stage under<br>rainfed condition                | On-station<br>followed by<br>on farm   | <ul> <li>Foliar spray of nitrojan in pulses- new technology for rainfed agriculture</li> <li>Yield increase by 10-15 % over control</li> </ul>   | Collaborative                     |
| Unpuddle Mechanical<br>Transplanting of rice  | Participatory<br>on - farm<br>research | <ul> <li>Unpuddle Mechanical Transplanting is new practice<br/>for eastern India</li> <li>Saving of Rs. 8000/ha in crop establishment and 40%<br/>in irrigation water with high yield by 10 – 15 % over<br/>puddle transplanting</li> </ul>  | Collaborative                     |
| Zero Till Direct Seeded<br>Rice   | Participatory<br>on - farm<br>research | <ul> <li>Zero till direct seeded rice (ZTDSR) in conjunction<br/>with new practices of weed management in eastern<br/>India is being now done by NARS</li> <li>Resource saving and higher yield</li> </ul>   | Collaborative                     |
| Brown manuring through<br>co-culture of <i>Sesbania</i> in<br>rice for Nitrogen<br>management | Participatory<br>on-farm<br>research   | <ul> <li>Addition of 35-38 kg N/ha, improved soil organic carbon by 0.03 – 0.07 %, reduction in 50 % weed population and more response in sodic land</li> <li>Now large scale testing by AICRP Weed Management Project through its centers</li> </ul>                                  | Collaborative                     |
| Use of Nitrogen<br>management through LCC<br>in DSR & PT rice                                 | Participatory<br>on-farm<br>research   | <ul> <li>Saving of 25- 40 kg N/ ha, higher saving in canal irrigated areas.</li> <li>LCC reduced the excess N use and optimized its use</li> </ul>   | Collaborative                     |
| Advancing the sowing<br>time of wheat through use<br>of improved implements.                  | Participatory<br>on-farm<br>research   | <ul> <li>Zero tillage enabled sowing even in wet soil and advanced the sowing minimum by 12-15 days.</li> <li>Saving of Rs 1700 - 2200 ha<sup>-1</sup></li> <li>High demand of ZT drill was emerged from farmers.</li> </ul>   | Collaborative                     |
| Second Generation<br>Resource Conservation<br>Technologies (RCTs)                             | Participatory<br>on-farm<br>research   | <ul> <li>Various zero tillage methods (equal row, paired row, double disc, control traffic) on yield and economics of wheat under normal and in rice residue</li> <li>Double Zero Tillage in rice – wheat system Laser land leveling, Bed planting and crop diversification</li> </ul> | Collaborative                     |
| Refinement of Surface seeding of wheat  | Participatory<br>on-farm<br>research   | <ul> <li>Early in wheat sowing by 20 to 25 days, minimum cost of cultivation and higher yields.</li> <li>Use of potash @ 40 kg/ha at basal had manifold effect</li> </ul>  | Collaborative                     |

|  | <b></b>                              |   |               |
|--|--------------------------------------|---|---------------|
| Crop Diversification &<br>Intensification in rice –<br>wheat system                      | Participatory<br>on-farm<br>research | <ul> <li>Maize + potato on raised bed for diversification of RW system in winter RCTs:</li> <li>Introduction of extra early (150 days) Pigeon Pea (ICPL 88039) for crop intensification in uplands and crop diversification in drought prone midlands.</li> <li>Crop intensification by introduction of summer green gram after rice – wheat.</li> </ul>  | Collaborative |
| Studies on economic<br>evaluation of RCTs<br>induced cropping system                     | Participatory<br>on-farm<br>research | <ul> <li>Highest wheat equivalent yield was recorded in<br/>DSR – Potato + Maize followed by Transplanted Rice<br/>–Potato + Maize system.</li> <li>DSR – Wheat - Moong system gave higher net return<br/>over transplanted rice- wheat system.</li> </ul>  | Collaborative |
| Raising vegetable nursery<br>under low tunnel<br>polyhouse                               | Participatory<br>on-farm trial       | <ul> <li>Landless unemployed rural youth &amp; marginal farmers formed SHG and started raising vegetable nursery under Portable iron framed poly house.</li> <li>Early planting of vegetables by 40-45 days was possible which resulted in high market rate of produce.</li> </ul>  | Collaborative |
| Alternate livelihood<br>attempt through<br>Mushroom Cultivation by<br>Landless farmwomen | Participatory<br>on-farm trial       | <ul> <li>Landless women groups successfully adopted mushroom cultivation with SHG formation.</li> <li>Earning throughout the year including during lean season developed self-confidence and financial security among poor, landless farmwomen by doing these activities.</li> </ul>  | Collaborative |
| Duckery and backyard<br>poultry  | Participatory<br>on-farm trial       | <ul> <li>Duckery and backyard poultry is introduced for poorest of the poor section of society among the unemployed rural youth and women of <i>Mushar</i> (sub-caste of Schedule tribe) community.</li> <li>The above activities encouraged them to increase the number of ducks &amp; birds and other poor resource family took the chicks from them and started both duckery &amp; poultry activities.</li> </ul>  | Collaborative |
| Multiple use of water<br>through renovated pond<br>(common property) of the<br>village   | Participatory<br>on-farm trial       | • Waterlogged common abandoned land was managed by SHG through Gram Panchayat and fish were grown. Planting of horticulture plant was grown.  | Collaborative |
| Optimization of flood –<br>prone rice based farming<br>system in north Bihar.            | On farm<br>research                  | In flood prone area of north Bihar, the risk in crop production<br>can be minimized with increased land productivity mixed<br>cropping of flood prone rice+ short duration summer crop<br>(mungbean, sesame or jute). Normal seed rate of rice+ 60<br>percent seed rate of mix crop, use of P as basal and one hand<br>weeding after mix crop harvest are important steps. Boro rice<br>can be integrated farming system (rice+ fish +mungbean +<br>sesbania+ vegetable +pigeon pea) may be good option. In<br>draughty year when rice fails, the winter crops like mustard,<br>rajmash and maize may be taken on residual soil moisture. | Collaborative |

| Reclamation of sodic land<br>and crop production       Participatory |               | Participatory sodic land reclamation was done at the farmers' fields in two districts (Muzaffarpur and Siwan) of Bihar. After capacity building on-farm families was increased land reclamation the total yield and income of farm families was increased substantially due to adoption of rice- wheat- sesbania cropping system. Litchi and mango plantation was also successfully demonstrated.  | Collaborative |
|--|---------------|--|---------------|
| On-farm water<br>management in canal<br>command                      | On-farm trail | In tail reaches of Gandak command, which faces where water<br>scarcity for transplanting of rice and 1 <sup>st</sup> irrigation of rabi crop,<br>the use of ground water was found to boost up crop yield to<br>substantial level. With improvement water management<br>practices in co-operation with farmers the total irrigated area<br>was increased with available canal water. The farmer's<br>participation in canal water management was possible with<br>active cooperation of irrigation department. | Collaborative |

#### Innovation of new extension technologies

| New approaches to<br>Participatory<br>Technology<br>Development for<br>Livelihood<br>improvement. | <ul> <li>Key ideas or technologies that are broadcasted for livelihood improvement to poorer groups rather than trying to introduce a <i>'new technology'</i> it is often more effective to build upon the existing interests of the group</li> <li>Local professionals / entrepreneurs emerge seeing opportunities for <i>'delivery of services to the door'</i>. These services include provision of both information, access to agricultural inputs and credit</li> <li>Existing service providers become involved in the research and rapidly establish links with farmers they previously ignored as potential customers.</li> </ul> | Collaborative |
|---|---|---------------|
| Wider participation<br>of stakeholders in<br>technology transfer                                  | <ul> <li>Participation of private manufacturer with scientist and participatory farmers feedback for machine improvement.</li> <li>Promotion of service providers in technology up scaling having direct contact with govt., manufacturer and other potential stakeholders.</li> </ul>  | Collaborative |

#### **Collaborative extension programmes**

- Acceleration of RCTs in eastern India involving NARS, state govts, private sectors, service providers and participatory farmers in eastern India through various projects funded by USAID, IFAD, NATP and DFID
- Sodic land reclamation in collaboration with Gandak CADA , VASFA ( NGO ) and Bihar govt. in Muzaffarpur and Siwan , Bihar .
- CMS / CPSL (NGO) collaborative technology upscaling through SHGs with micro finance in eastern U.P. and Bihar.
- Watershed management in tribal area of Koraput, Orissa in collaboration with local institutions
- On-farm water management in Gandak canal commands, Bihar in collaboration with CADA and local Water User Association.

#### Awards to beneficiaries farm families

- Kisan Bhusan award to Sri Sudhansu Singh (an adopted farmer under USAID project at Patna) in 2007 by Govt of Bihar with cash prize of Rs 2.0 Lakhs
- **Kisan Shree award** to Sri Ramjeet Sharma (USAID project), Sri Anil Kumar (IVLP TAR project) and Ajay Kumar at Patna in 2007 by Govt of Bihar with cash prize of Rs 1.0 Lakhs each
- Navin Sinha Pratibha Samman 2007 to Landless Farm Women Smt Lalmuni Devi for women empowerment through altanate income generation activity (Mushroom)- IFAD project
- Navin Sinha Pratibha Samman 2008 to Unemployed Rural Youth Shri Jitendra Kumar Verma for livelihood improvement through alternate income generation activity (poly culture vegetable seedlings and Mushroom)- IFAD Project

#### Organization of Winter School/ Summer School/ Refresher Course/Seminar/Symposium

| Name of the<br>programme<br>Organized       | Level of participation  | Title   | Year   | Duration                                       | Funding<br>agency      |  |
|---|---|---|--------|--|------------------------|--|
|   | Progra  | amme organized 10 and above days  | s - 06 |  |                        |  |
| Short course                                | Scientists of ICAR and<br>SAU faculty<br><b>Co- Director</b>  | Biofortification in food crops  | 2014   | August 3-<br>12 ( <b>10</b><br><b>Days</b> )   | ICAR                   |  |
| 89 FOCARS<br>FET                            | ARS Scientists<br>Probationers<br>Course Coordinator  | Field experience training of ARS<br>Probationers at ICAR-RCER,<br>Patna   | 2010   | March,<br>02-22<br>( <b>21days</b> )           | NAARM<br>Hyderabad     |  |
| Winter<br>School                            | National level<br>Scientists and<br>faculty of ICAR<br>institute and SAU –<br><b>Course Coordinator</b> | Resource Conservation<br>Technologies - Conserving<br>Resources for enhancing<br>Productivity, Sustainability, Food<br>Security and Improvement of Rural<br>Livelihoods | 2009   | November<br>05-25<br>( <b>21 days</b> )        | ICAR                   |  |
| 82 FOCARS<br>FET                            | ARS Scientists<br>Probationers<br>Course Coordinator  | Field experience training of ARS<br>Probationers at ICAR-RCER,<br>Patna   | 2008   | March, 18<br>to April 05<br>( <b>19 days</b> ) | NAARM<br>Hyderabad     |  |
| Short course at<br>ICAR-RCER ,<br>Patna     | Scientists of ICAR and<br>SAU faculty –<br>Course Coordinator   | Advances in micro irrigation system   | 2000   | Dec. 11-20<br>( <b>10 days</b> )               | ICAR                   |  |
| Short course at<br>Pusa, Bihar              | ICAR scientists and<br>Faculty of SAUs –<br>Course Coordinator  | Soil and crop management for sustained productivity   | 1995   | Dec. 11-31<br>( <b>21 days</b> )               | ICAR                   |  |
| Short course at<br>Pusa, Bihar              | ICAR scientists and<br>Faculty of SAUs-<br>Course Coordinator   | Advances in water management<br>under limited supplies for<br>sustainable crop production   | 1995   | May 22-31<br>( <b>10 days</b> )                | ICAR                   |  |
|   | Programme organized less than 10 days - 08  |   |        |  |                        |  |
| National<br>Seminar at<br>Pusa New<br>Delhi | CAD officers, ICAR<br>scientists and Faculty<br>of SAUs<br>Associate Organizer                          | Efficient Water Management in<br>Command Areas  | 2006   | September<br>18 – 19                           | CADWM,<br>MoWR,<br>GOI |  |
| Traveling<br>workshop in                    | Farmers & officers in<br>5 districts of WB –  | Resource Conservation Technologies  | 2006.  | February                                       | RWC                    |  |

| WB  | Organizer   | in rabi crops  |      | 22-28,            |               |
|---|---|--|------|-------------------|---------------|
| Planning<br>Workshop in<br>U.P.           | Scientists of 14 NARS<br>centers under USAID<br>project – <b>Organizer</b>              | Kharif workshop of Eastern IGP for<br>USAID Project, at BHU Varanasi   | 2005 | April 15          | RWC           |
| Traveling seminar U.P.                    | Farmers of Bihar -<br>Organizer   | Resource Conservation Technologies in eastern U.P.   | 2004 | October<br>28-31  | RWC           |
| Traveling<br>workshop, in<br>Bihar & U.P. | Officers, farmers,<br>manufacturer and<br>NGO of WB –<br><b>Organizer</b>               | Resource Conservation Technologies<br>in Rice in South Bihar and eastern<br>U.P.                                     | 2004 | October,<br>04-08 | RWC           |
| National<br>Workshop of<br>NATP at Patna  | Scientists of 8 NARS<br>centers under NATP-<br>RCTs project -<br>Organizer              | Accelerating the Adoption of RCTs<br>for farm level impact on<br>sustainability of Rice-Wheat<br>Systems of the IGPs | 2002 | Oct. 29-30        | NATP-<br>ICAR |
| National<br>Seminar                       | Scientists of ICAR and<br>SAU faculty –<br>Associate Organizer                          | Archard Management.  | 1997 | March,<br>10-11   | ICAR-<br>RAU  |
| International<br>workshop                 | Scientists of 6<br>countries working for<br>flood prone system –<br>Associate Organizer | Management of Flood prone rice   | 1996 | Oct. 28-31        | IRRI          |

### Trainings conducted

| Title   | Year          | Duration              | No of<br>bene<br>ficiaries | Coordinator/<br>associated |
|---|---------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| State level training on Integrated Farming System, Resource<br>Conservation Technologies and Rice production under<br>adverse condition | 2009-<br>2013 | 1-3 days<br>(18 nos.) | 800                        | Co-ordinator               |
| National level training course on "Water management under<br>limited supplies for efficient crop production in command areas"           | 2008          | March 10-<br>15       | 23                         | Co- Course<br>Director     |
| State Level Training on "Water Management and Integrated Farming System"  | 2007          | March<br>20–22        | 40                         | Course<br>Director         |
| Training on Operation and Maintenance of MPT for Zero Tillage<br>in crops and other use at ZARS Jalpaiguri, WB                          | 2005          | December<br>07        | 20                         | Organizer                  |
| Training on QPM hybrid seed production by the farmers of West<br>Bengal and Bihar, at DMR Begusarai                                     | 2005          | October<br>19-22      | 15                         | Organizer                  |
| Training on Herbicide Spraying Techniques at Murshidabad (W.B)  | 2005          | Sep. 22               | 70                         | Organizer                  |
| Training on RCTs in Quality Protein Maize, at Midnapur, WB  | 2005          | June 16-<br>17        | 75                         | Organizer                  |
| Master Training Programme on RCTs in rice, at CSAUAT,<br>Kanpur   | 2005          | May 20                | 20                         | Organizer                  |
| Training for farmers, scientists and officers on LCC at Jamui and WB  | 2005          | May 10 –<br>14        | 230                        | Organizer                  |
| Farmers training on RCTs in Rice-Wheat system, at RAU, JRS  | 2005          | April 06              | 45                         | Organizer                  |

| Katihar, Bihar   |      |                  |     |           |
|--|------|------------------|-----|-----------|
| Training to farmers on Poly house for vegetable nursery in winter<br>at ICAR-RCER, Patna | 2004 | December<br>23   | 15  | Organizer |
| Training to farmers on winter maize + Potato at ICAR-RCER,<br>Patna                      | 2004 | Nov 02           | 30  | Organizer |
| State Agricultural Officers training at Field Crop Research Station, Burdhwan, WB,       | 2004 | October<br>29-30 | 35  | Organizer |
| Training to farmers on Zero Tillage Rice at ICAR-RCER, Patna                             | 2004 | June 19          | 60  | Organizer |
| Divisional level training programme on Zero Tillage wheat                                | 2003 | Nov. 17-<br>20   | 230 | Organizer |
| State level officers workshop on Zero tillage wheat                                      | 2003 | Oct. 21          | 70  | Organizer |
| Training on Spraying Technique   | 2002 | Nov19-21         | 180 | Organizer |
| Training on Herbicide Application Techniques   | 2002 | Mar.15-16        | 120 | Organizer |
| State level training on Reclamation and management of alkali soil                        | 1996 | Dec. 22          | 25  | Associate |
| State level training on Reclamation of alkali soil                                       | 1995 | Feb. 06          | 25  | Associate |
| State level training on Boro rice production technology                                  | 1995 | Jan. 19-21       | 40  | Associate |
| State level training on Summer and Deep water rice production technology                 | 1993 | March 27<br>- 29 | 45  | Associate |

### Organization of Kisan Melas, exhibitions

| Title and location  | Year                      | Duration                              | Number of<br>beneficiaries | Co-<br>ordinator/<br>associated |
|---|---------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Farmes fair in institute, state level exhibitions and Agri-Submmit in the institute                       | 2009-2013                 | 1-3 days                              | 600                        | Associated                      |
| Kisan Gosthi at the foundation stone laying ceremony<br>at Buxar (ICAR) on 23 <sup>rd</sup> December 2007 | 2007                      | 23 <sup>rd</sup> Dec.<br>(One day)    | 250                        | Associated                      |
| Kisan Mela & Kisan Gosthi at Rajendra stadium<br>Chapra (Bihar)   | 2004                      | 9 <sup>th</sup> February<br>(One day) | 350                        | Associated                      |
| Exhibition in Sonepur Mela, Vaishali  | 1999 to 2002              | Oct. – Nov<br>(2 days)                | Av 250 each<br>04 year     | Associated                      |
| Farmers training camp/ exhibition in Madhubani and Darbhanga in Bihar                                     | 2000                      | 22- 30 Nov<br>(9 days)                | 540                        | Associated                      |
| Kisan Mela in Rajendra Agricultural University,<br>Pusa, Bihar – Agronomy Department Stall                | 1986 to 1998<br>each year | March –<br>April<br>( 3 days)         | Av 400 per<br>year         | Associated                      |

## **Research Co-ordination**

| Project Title   | Nature of<br>Management /<br>Co-ordination  |
|---|---|
| <ul> <li>Management of abiotic stress in rice through biotechnological approaches         <ul> <li>Management of submergence stress through biotechnological approaches in lowland rice</li> <li>Genetic variability analysis and development of mapping population for drought tolerance in rice</li> </ul> </li> <li>Eco-biology and management of rodent fauna of rice wheat cropping system</li> <li>Management of wilt complex of lentil through bio-agents coupled with host resistance</li> <li>Characterization and evaluation of elite genotypes and high yielding varieties of rice for aerobic condition</li> <li>Optimization of methodology of transplanting and fertilizer application in transplanted maize</li> <li>Development of Bio-insecticides module for management of gram pod borer (<i>Helicoverpa armigera</i>) in chickpea crop</li> <li>Studies on irrigation and nutrient requirement of diversified cropping system in irrigated eco-system of Central Bihar</li> <li>Weather crop-pest-disease interaction studies of major crop of Eastern region</li> <li>Evaluation of different production system for carbon sequestration potential.</li> </ul> | As Head of<br>Division, Crop<br>Research<br>monitoring<br>institute funded<br>projects in the<br>division |
| Accelerating the tillage revolution in the Indus-Ganges basin: Fostering adoption of resource conserving technologies to promote economic growth, resource conservation, and food security – USAID  | Coordinated 14<br>NARS centers<br>in eastern U.P.,<br>Bihar and WB  |
| Multi-Stakeholder programme to accelerate technology adoption to improve rural livelihoods in the Rainfed Eastern Gangetic Plains - IFAD  | On behalf of<br>CIMMYT India<br>coordinated two<br>centers (<br>NDUAT KVK<br>Mau & ICAR-<br>RCER, Patna)  |

## **Project Monitoring**

| Project Title   | Targets vis-à-       | Targets vis-à-vis achèvements                            |                |  |  |
|---|----------------------|--|----------------|--|--|
|   | Physical             | Scientific   | Fiscal         | Management /Co-<br>ordination                                    |  |
| Accelerating the tillage<br>revolution in the Indus-Ganges<br>basin: Fostering adoption of<br>resource conserving<br>technologies to promote<br>economic growth, resource<br>conservation, and food security<br>- USAID | 03 states 14 centers | Conservation<br>of resources<br>and high<br>productivity | US \$<br>4.0 m | Management and<br>monitoring on behalf<br>of RWC CIMMYT<br>India |  |
| Multi-Stakeholder programme<br>to accelerate technology<br>adoption to improve rural<br>livelihoods in the Rainfed<br>Eastern Gangetic Plains - IFAD  | 03 states 02 centers | Adoption of<br>RCTs in U.P.<br>and Bihar                 | US \$<br>1.2 m | Management and<br>monitoring on behalf<br>of RWC CIMMYT<br>India |  |

## **Special Attainments**

| (               | Category   | Title        | Year | Details   | Individual<br>/Collaborative | Additional information  |
|-----------------|--|--------------|------|---|------------------------------|---|
|                 | 5  | l            |      |   |                              |   |
|                 | Prabhat 19<br>Turant Dhan 19                     |              | 2015 | For drought prone condition of Bihar  | Collaborative                |   |
|                 |  |              | 1994 | Duration 90 days - Suitable for upland, multiple cropping   | Collaborative                | As Agronomist in RAU,<br>Pusa, contributed in On-   |
|                 |  |              | 1995 | Duration 75 days - Suitable for contingency cropping  | Collaborative                | farm evaluation for<br>release of five rice<br>varieties by Research  |
| Rice Variety    | Satya  | m            | 1996 | Duration 150 days - Suitable for<br>Rainfed Lowland   | Collaborative                | Council of Rajendra<br>Agricultural University ,<br>Pusa , Bihar and State  |
|                 | Kiso   | ri           | 1996 | Duration 150 days - Suitable for<br>Rainfed Lowland   | Collaborative                | Variety Release<br>Committee , Bihar  |
|                 | Saro   | ŋ            | 2000 | Duration 180 days - Suitable for boro season/ spring planting   | Collaborative                |   |
| Concept -1      | deterministic                                    |              | 2004 | Key ideas / technologies are<br>broadcasted to existing interests<br>poorer groups. Local professionals /<br>entrepreneurs emerge seeing<br>opportunities for ' <i>delivery of services</i><br><i>to the door</i> '. And are involved in the<br>research and rapidly establish links<br>with as potential customers.  | Collaborative                | Accepted the concept for<br>Commercialization by<br>DFID-NRSP for project on<br>Research into Use (RIU)<br>in<br>South Asia                           |
| Methodology - 1 | I through co-                                    |              | 2006 | Sesbania co-culture with rice for soil<br>health and N saving. Sesbania<br>broadcasted at 2-3 days after rice<br>seeding and it's killing done by 2,4-D<br>spray at 30 days was found to be most<br>effective. Addition of 35-38 kg N/ha ,<br>improved soil organic carbon by 0.03<br>– 0.07 %, reduction in 50 % weed<br>population and more response in sodic<br>land | Collaborative                | Large scale promotion of<br>the technology by RWC in<br>IGP through NARS. Large<br>Scale evaluation by<br>various AICRP on Weed<br>Management Centers |
|                 | Evaluatio<br>Sodic land<br>reclamatio<br>Bihar   | d            | 2001 | Member of evaluation team of Govt.<br>of India on reclamation of sodic land<br>by Gandak Command under EU<br>Project in Bihar   | Collaborative                | Nominated by ICAR<br>Krishi Bhawan, New Delhi   |
| ts - 5          | Continger<br>agricultur<br>managem<br>Kosi floor | al<br>ent in | 2008 | Member of ICAR Committee on Kosi<br>flood for technical advisory and<br>liaison with Bihar State Govt. for<br>contingency agricultural management.  | Collaborative                | Nominated by ICAR<br>Krishi Bhawan, New Delhi   |
| Assignmen       | 2  |              | 2008 | Chairman of survey team for<br>Madhepura and Purnea districts under<br>Kosi flood. The team assessed the<br>damage of soil, crop and animals. The<br>report was submitted to ICAR and<br>State Govt. for potential agricultural<br>activities.  | Collaborative                | Nominated by ICAR-<br>RCER, Patna   |
|                 | Continger<br>drought<br>advisory i               | -            | 2009 | Member of team for assessment of<br>drought damage during kharif season<br>and contingency drought management   | Collaborative                | Nominated by ICAR-<br>RCER, Patna   |

| Bihar            |      | for agriculture                         |               |                    |
|------------------|------|---|---------------|--------------------|
| Scoping studies  | 2011 | Member of Indo Australian team for      |               |                    |
| of eastern India |      | developing project on climate resilient |               | Nominated by ICAR- |
| for climate      |      | agriculture for India, Nepal and        | Collaborative | RCER, Patna        |
| resilient        |      | Bangladesh                              |               |                    |
| agriculture      |      |   |               |                    |

## Inter-Institutional Projects

| PI /<br>Co-PI           | Title  | Institutions   | Year                     | Duration                 | Funding<br>agency             |
|-------------------------|--|--|--------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------|
| PI                      | Mitigating Abiotic Stresses and<br>Enhancing Resource-use Efficiency<br>in Pulses in Rice Fallows through<br>Innovative Resource Conservation<br>Practices                             | BCKV, Kalyani<br>ICAR-NEH, Barapani<br>IGKV, Raipur<br>TRRI, Adhuthurai                        | 2011-<br>2016            | 5 years                  | NASF                          |
| PI                      | Improved Rice Based Rainfed<br>Agriculture System in Bihar<br>(IRRAS/IRRI)   | BAU Sabour, RAU<br>Pusa, CRS Patna,<br>ICAR-RCER, Patna  | 2012                     | 03 Years                 | IRRAS/IRRI                    |
| CC-<br>PI               | Accelerating RCTs adoption to<br>Improve Food Security And<br>Rural Livelihoods While<br>Reducing Adverse Environmental<br>Impacts in the Indo-Gangetic<br>Plains (IFAD/IRRI).         | ICAR-RCER, CSSRI<br>Karnal, PDFSR, BARI<br>and NARC  | 2011                     | 02 Years                 | IFAD/IRRI                     |
| CCPI                    | Crop and Resource Management for<br>Sustainable Future Cereal Based<br>System – CSISA -2   | IRRI, CIMMYT,<br>CSSRI, TNAU and<br>BARI Bangladesh  | 10/2009<br>to<br>12/2011 | 02 years                 | BMGF/IRRI                     |
| CCPI                    | Modeling the performance of a<br>few major cropping systems in<br>Eastern India in the light of<br>projected climate change  | OUAT, Bhubaneswar<br>IIT Kharagpur, CRIDA<br>Hyderabad, ILS<br>Bhubaneswar                     | 01/2009<br>to<br>03/2012 | 03 years<br>03<br>months | NAIP –<br>Comp – IV /<br>ICAR |
| Co-PI                   | Delivery & Rolling out<br>Conservation Agriculture based<br>RCTs - CSISA -1  | CIMMYT India, IRRI<br>India, SAUs & NGOs<br>of Eastern U.P., Bihar,<br>Jharkhand and W. B.     | 03/2010<br>to<br>12/2011 | 02 Years                 | BMGF/IRRI                     |
| Co-<br>PI               | Promoting Sustainable<br>Livelihood Development ( P1064<br>Rojiroti –  | GYA U.K,CPSL Bihar<br>ICAR-RCER Patna<br>and MPRL  | 7/2008<br>to<br>6/2011   | 3 years                  | DFID                          |
| Site<br>Coord<br>inator | Sustainable Livelihood Improvement<br>through Need Based IFS Models in<br>Disadvantaged Districts of Bihar   | ICAR-RCER, RAU<br>Pusa, BAIF INDIA<br>and CIPRI  | 4/2008<br>to<br>3/2012   | 4 years                  | NAIP/<br>ICAR                 |
| Co –<br>PI              | Revitalizing the Rice- wheat<br>cropping systems of the Indo-<br>gangetic Plains: adaption and<br>Adoption of Resource Conservation<br>Technologies in India , Bangladesh<br>and Nepal | RWC, CIMMYT,<br>ICAR, SAU, NGOs,<br>Private Sector, State<br>Govt., Service<br>Provider in IGP | 10/2008<br>to<br>3/2009  | 1 year 5<br>months       | USAID/<br>IRRI                |
| PI                      | Accelerating the tillage revolution in<br>the Indus-Ganges basin: Fostering<br>adoption of resource conserving<br>technologies to promote economic                                     | RWC, CIMMYT,<br>ICAR, SAU, NGOs,<br>Private Sector, State<br>Govt., Service                    | 06/2004<br>to<br>8/2006  | 2 .5 years<br>plus       | USAID/<br>CIMMYT              |

| -    |                                    |                      | 1       |           | 1           |
|------|------------------------------------|----------------------|---------|-----------|-------------|
|      | growth, resource conservation, and | Provider in IGP      |         |           |             |
|      | food security                      |                      |         |           |             |
| PI   | Multi-Stakeholder programme to     | RWC, CIMMYT,         | 06/2004 | 3.5 years |             |
|      | accelerate technology adoption to  | ICAR, SAU, NGOs,     | to till | plus      | IFAD / IRRI |
|      | improve rural livelihoods in the   | State Govt., Service | date    |           |             |
|      | Rainfed Eastern Gangetic Plains    | Provider in IGP      |         |           |             |
| Co - | Integrated land and water          | IACR ,Rothamsted,    | 04/2000 | 5 years   |             |
| PI   | management for enhancing           | IWMI, Univ. of East  | to      |           | DFID -      |
|      | productivity in Bihar and eastern  | Anglia, , Univ. of   | 06/2004 |           | NRSP        |
|      | U.P. (NRSP - R 7830)               | Reading, , CMS,      |         |           |             |
| Co - | Livelihoods improvement through    | Bangalore ,CPSL,     | 04/2000 | 5 years   | DFID -      |
| PI   | improved crop and soil management  | Patna and ICAR       | to      |           | NRSP        |
|      | (NRSP - R 7839)                    |                      | 06/2004 |           |             |
| CCPI | Accelerating the Adoption of       | Nine institutes of   | 4/2001  | 3 years   | NATP –      |
|      | Resource Conservation              | ICAR / SAUs, RWC     | to      |           | World Bank  |
|      | Technologies for farm level impact | and private          | 6/2004  |           |             |
|      | on Sustainability of Rice-Wheat    | manufacturer         |         |           |             |
|      | Systems of the IGPs                |                      |         |           |             |
| Co - | Alkali Land Reclamation Project-   | RAU Bihar , Gandak   | 04/1994 | 3 years   | EU          |
| PI   |                                    | CADA, State Govt.    | to      |           |             |
|      |                                    | Bihar, VASFA (NGO)   | 12/1997 |           |             |
|      |                                    | and MoWR,            |         |           |             |
| Co - | On – farm water management in      | RAU Pusa Bihar ,     | 8/1989  | 3 years   | MoWR ,      |
| PI   | Gandak command                     | Gandak CADA, and     | to      |           | GOI         |
|      |                                    | MoWR , GOI           | 6/1992  |           |             |

# LIST OF PUBLICATIONS

| S.N. | Authors  | Year | Title with full<br>reference*  | Journal with volume & page number                                       |
|------|--|------|--|---|
| 1    | Bandyopadhyay,<br>P. K., K. C. Singh,<br>K. Mondal, R.<br>Nath, P. K.<br>Ghosh, N. Kumar,<br>P. S. Basu, and <b>S.</b><br><b>S. Singh.</b>   | 2016 | Effects of stubble length<br>of rice in mitigating soil<br>moisture stress and on<br>yield of lentil ( <i>Lens</i><br><i>culinaris</i> Medik) in rice-<br>lentil relay crop. | Agricultural Water<br>Management 173: 91-<br>102.                       |
| 2    | Bandyopadhyay,<br>P. K., K. C. Singh,<br>K. Mondal, R.<br>Nath, N. Kumar,<br>and <b>S. S. Singh.</b>   | 2016 | Effect of Balanced<br>Fertilization in Puddled<br>Rice on the Productivity<br>of Lentil in Rice-Fallow<br>System Under Zero<br>Tillage.                                      | Bangladesh Agronomy<br>Journal 19, no. 1: 67-79.                        |
| 3    | Hazra, K. K., D.<br>K. Swain,<br>Abhishek Bohra,<br>S. S. Singh,<br>Narendra Kumar,<br>and C. P. Nath.   | 2016 | Organic rice: potential<br>production strategies,<br>challenges and<br>prospects.  | Organic Agriculture: 1-<br>18.  |
| 4    | Kumar, Santosh,<br>J. S. Mishra, A. K.<br>Singh, S. K.<br>Dwivedi, S. K.<br>Singh, <b>S. S.</b><br><b>Singh</b> , A. A. Haris<br>Mondal, S.,<br>Bhatt, B.P., Singh,<br>S. and Yadav, A.  | 2016 | Response of rice ( <i>Oryza</i><br>sativa) genotypes to<br>weed management in<br>rainfed ecosystems of<br>eastern India.   | <i>Indian Journal of</i><br><i>Agronomy</i> 61, no. 1<br>(2016): 37-44. |
| 5    | Ladha, J.K., Rao,<br>A.N., Raman, A.K.,<br>Padre, A.T.,<br>Dobermann, A.,<br>Gathala, M., Kumar,<br>V., Saharawat, Y.,<br>Sharma, S., Piepho,<br>H.P. and Alam, M.M,<br>Liak R, Rajendran R,<br>Reddy CK, Parsad R,<br>Sharma PC, <b>Singh</b><br><b>SS</b> , Saha A, Noor S | 2015 | Agronomic<br>improvements can make<br>future cereal systems in<br>South Asia far more<br>productive and result in a<br>lower environmental<br>footprint                      | Global change<br>biology, 22(3): 1054-<br>1074                          |
| 6    | Singh, SS., Singh, A.,<br>Kumar, S., Mishra, J.,<br>Haris, A., Sangle, U.,   | 2015 | Performance of Lentil<br>under Rice-Lentil under<br>different tillage in   | Journal of AgriSearch 2,<br>no. 4 (2015): 263-268.                      |

|    | Bhatt, B., Singh, S.K.,<br>Yadav, A.K., Singh,<br>U. and Singh, S.,   |      | Drought-Prone Rainfed<br>Ecosystem of Bihar.  |  |
|----|---|------|---|--|
| 7  | Kumar, N., Hazra,<br>K.K., Yadav, S.L.,<br>and <b>Singh, S.S.</b>   | 2015 | Weed dynamics and<br>productivity of chickpea<br>( <i>Cicer arietinum</i> ) under<br>pre-and post-emergence<br>application of herbicides                                  | Indian Journal of<br>Agronomy <b>60</b> (4): 570-<br>575.    |
| 8  | Kumar, N., Singh,<br>M.K., Praharaj, C.S.,<br>Singh, U. and <b>Singh,</b><br><b>S.S.</b>                                    | 2015 | Performance of chickpea<br>under different planting<br>method, seed rate and<br>irrigation level in Indo-<br>Gangetic Plains of India                                     | Journal of Food Legumes <b>28</b> (1): 40-4.                 |
| 9  | Singh, U., Praharaj,<br>C. S., <b>Singh, S. S</b> ., &<br>Kumar, N  | 2015 | Influence of crop<br>establishment practices<br>and genotypes in<br>pigeonpea-wheat system<br>under IGP of India.   | Journal of Food<br>Legumes, 28(4), 315-319.                  |
| 10 | Praharaj, C.S.,<br>Kumar, N., Singh, U.,<br><b>Singh, S.S.</b> and<br>Singh, J.   | 2015 | Transplanting in<br>pigeonpea- A<br>contingency measure for<br>realizing higher<br>productivity in Eastern<br>Plains of India.  | Journal of Food<br>Legumes <b>28</b> (1): 34-9.              |
| 11 | Praharaj, C.S., Rajesh<br>K., Akram, M., Jha,<br>UC., Singh, U.,<br>Kumar, N., <b>Singh,</b><br><b>S.S.</b> and Singh, S.K. | 2015 | Dissemination of pulses<br>production technologies<br>through participatory<br>approach for enhancing<br>profitability of farmers in<br>Uttar Pradesh.                    | Journal of Food Legumes <b>28</b> (2): 1-7.                  |
| 12 | Mukherjee, J., <b>Singh,</b><br><b>S.S.</b> , Kumar Santosh,<br>Idris, Mohd.  | 2015 | Radiation use efficiency<br>and yield of wheat grown<br>under elevated CO <sub>2</sub> and<br>temperature in open top<br>chamber at Patna, Bihar                          | Journal of<br>Agrometeorology<br>17 (2): 158-164             |
| 14 | Kumar, N., Hazra,<br>K., Yadav, S., &<br><b>Singh, S. S.</b>  | 2015 | Weed management using<br>post-emergence<br>herbicides in chickpea<br>( <i>Cicer arietinum</i> ) +<br>mustard ( <i>Brassica</i><br><i>juncea</i> ) intercropping<br>system | Indian Journal of<br>Agricultural Sciences<br>85(8):1074–79. |
| 15 | Singh, U., Kumar,<br>N., Praharaj, C.,<br><b>Singh, SS</b> ., &<br>Kumar, L   | 2015 | Ferti-fortification: an<br>easy approach for<br>nutritional enrichment of<br>chickpea   | The Ecoscan <b>9</b> (3&4):<br>731-36.                       |

| 16 | Elanchezhian, R.,<br>Haris, A. A.,<br>Kumar, S., &<br><b>Singh, S. S.</b>   | 2015 | Positive impact of<br>paclobutrazol on gas<br>exchange, chlorophyll<br>fluorescence and yield<br>parameters under<br>submergence stress in<br>rice  | Indian Journal of Plant<br>Physiology<br>20(2).<br>DOI:10.1007/s40502-<br>015-0144-9 |
|----|---|------|---|--|
| 17 | Kumar, S., <b>Singh,</b><br><b>S. S.</b> , Dwivedi, S.<br>K., & Kumar, S.   | 2015 | Yield attributing physio-<br>morphological trait<br>response in rice ( <i>Oryza</i><br><i>sativa</i> ) genotypes grown<br>under aerobic situation in<br>eastern Indo-Gangetic<br>plain                    | Indian Journal of<br>Agricultural Sciences<br>85(8):1102-1108.                       |
| 18 | Kumar, S ,<br>Dwivedi S.K<br>, <b>Singh, S.S,</b><br>Kumar S. ,<br>Sundaram P.K,<br>Shivani and Mall<br>P.K.  | 2015 | Characterization of rice<br>rice ( <i>Oryza sativa</i> L.)<br>genotypes on the basis of<br>morpho-physiological<br>and biochemical traits<br>grown under aerobic<br>situation in rainfed<br>ecosystem     | Journal of<br>Environmental Biology.<br>36 (4): 999-1005                             |
| 19 | Kumar S, Dwidedi<br>S K, <b>Singh SS</b> ,<br>Jha SK,<br>Lekkshmy S,<br>Kumar S,<br>Elanchezhian R,<br>Singh ON, Bhatt<br>B. P.   | 2014 | Identification of drought<br>tolerenct rice genotype<br>by analysing drought<br>tolerance indices and<br>morpho-physiological<br>traits.  | SABRAO Journal of<br>Breeding and Genetics 46<br>(2) 217-230                         |
| 20 | Laik, Ranjan,<br>Sheetal Sharma,<br>M. Idris, A. K.<br>Singh, <b>S. S.</b><br><b>Singh</b> , B. P.<br>Bhatt, Yashpal<br>Saharawat, E.<br>Humphreys, and J.<br>K. Ladha. | 2014 | Integration of<br>conservation agriculture<br>with best management<br>practices for improving<br>system performance of<br>the rice–wheat rotation<br>in the Eastern Indo-<br>Gangetic Plains of<br>India. | Agriculture, Ecosystems<br>& Environment 195: 68-<br>82.                             |
| 21 | Kumar, S.,<br>Dwivedi, S. K.,<br><b>Singh, S. S</b> .,<br>Bhatt, B. P.,<br>Mehta, P.,<br>Elanchezhian, R.,<br>Singh V. P.,<br>Singh, O. N.                              | 2014 | Morpho-physiological<br>traits associated with<br>reproductive stage<br>drought tolerance of rice<br>( <i>Oryza sativa</i> L.)<br>genotypes under rain-fed<br>condition of eastern<br>Indo-Gangetic Plain | Indian Journal of Plant<br>Physiology<br>19(2):87-93.                                |

| 22 | Elanchezhian R.,<br>Kumar Santosh,<br><b>Singh S. S</b> .,<br>Dwivedi S.K.,<br>Shivani, and Bhatt<br>B.P.              | 2013 | Plant survival, growth<br>and yield attributing<br>traits of rice ( <i>Oryza</i><br>sativa L.) genotypes<br>under submergence stress<br>in rainfed lowland<br>ecosystem.  | Indian Journal Plant<br>Physiology Online<br>published:10 December<br>2013. DOI<br>10.1007/s40502-013-<br>0050-y. |
|----|--|------|---|---|
| 23 | Singh, S.S.,<br>Mukherjee, J., Kumar,<br>S. and Idris, M.  | 2013 | Effect of elevated CO <sub>2</sub><br>on growth and yield<br>determination of rice<br>crop in Open Top<br>Chamber in sub humid<br>climate of Eastern India  | Journal of<br>Agrometeorology<br>15(1):1-10   |
| 24 | Kumar, S., Dwivedi,<br>S. K., Elanchezhian,<br>R., <b>Singh, S. S</b> .,<br>Singh, O. N., Arora,<br>A., & Bhatt, B. P. | 2013 | Influence of aerobic<br>condition on<br>physiological traits and<br>yield attributes of rice<br>( <i>Oryza sativa</i> L.)<br>genotypes under rainfed<br>lowland ecosystem.  | Indian Journal of Plant<br>Physiology, 18(3), 263-<br>269.  |
| 25 | Kumar S.,<br>Elanchezhian R.,<br><b>Singh S. S</b> ., Kumar C<br>and O N Singh.  | 2013 | Yield Response of Rice<br>( <i>Oryza sativa</i> L.)<br>Genotypes to<br>Reproductive Stage<br>Drought Adapted to<br>Drought Prone Rainfed<br>Lowland   | Oryza Vol. 50. No. 4,<br>2013 (344-350)   |
| 26 | Kumar Sanjeev,<br>Shivani, Meena M.K.<br>and <b>Singh S. S</b> .   | 2012 | Production potential and<br>plant water status in<br>transplanted maize ( <i>Zea</i><br><i>mays L.</i> ) as influenced<br>by methods of seedling<br>raising and age of<br>seedling under irrigated<br>midlands of eastern<br>India. | International Journal of<br>Agricultural and<br>Statistical Sciences 8(2):<br>697-704.                            |
| 27 | Subash, N.; <b>Singh, S.</b><br><b>S</b> . and Neha, Priya   | 2012 | Rainfall variability and<br>its impact on change of<br>cropping systems in<br>Bihar.  | Indian Journal of Soil<br>Conservation. 40, (1), 33-<br>40  |
| 28 | Subash, N.; Singh, S.<br>S. and Neha, Priya  | 2012 | Observed variability and<br>trends in extreme<br>temperature indices and<br>rice-wheat productivity<br>over two districts of<br>Bihar, India - A case<br>study.   | Theoretical and Applied<br>Climatology. Online<br>published: 08 May. DOI<br>10. 1007/s00704-012-<br>0665-3        |
| 29 | Kumar Sanjeev,<br>Subhash N, <b>Singh</b><br><b>S.S.,</b> Shivani and Dey  | 2012 | Evaluation of different<br>components under<br>Integrated farming   | Experimental Agriculture 48(3):399-413  |

|    | A.  |      | system (IFS) for small<br>and marginal farmers<br>under semi- humid<br>climatic environment.  |  |
|----|---|------|---|--|
| 30 | Kumar, Sanjeev;<br>Singh, S. S.; Meena,<br>M.K.; Shivani and<br>Dey A.    | 2012 | Resource Recycling and<br>their management under<br>integrated farming<br>system for lowlands for<br>eastern India.                                   | Indian Journal of<br>Agricultural Sciences. 88<br>(6) :32-38 |
| 31 | Kumar S.; <b>Singh,</b><br><b>S. S.;</b> Shivani,;<br>Dey, A.             | 2011 | Integrated Farming<br>System for Eastern India.   | Indian Journal of<br>Agronomy 56 (4): 297-<br>304            |
| 32 | Rajan K.; <b>Singh S.</b><br>S. and Subash N.                             | 2011 | Effect of nursery raising<br>techniques of Boro rice<br>on plant growth and soil<br>physical properties.  | Oryza 48 (2):137-141   |
| 33 | Kumar, Sanjeev;<br>Singh, S. S.;<br>Meena, M.K.;<br>Shivani and Dey<br>A. | 2012 | Resource Recycling and<br>their management under<br>integrated farming<br>system for lowlands for<br>eastern India.                                   | Indian Journal of<br>Agricultural Sciences. 88<br>(6)        |
| 34 | Subash, N.;<br><b>Singh, S. S.</b> and<br>Neha, Priya.                    | 2011 | Variability of rainfall and<br>effective onset and length<br>of the monsoon season<br>over a sub-humid<br>climatic environment.                       | Atmospheric Research<br>99:479-487                           |
| 35 | Subash ,N.;<br><b>Singh, S. S.</b> and<br>Neha, Priya.                    | 2011 | Extreme rainfall indices<br>and its impact on rice<br>productivity case study<br>over sub-humid climatic<br>environment.                              | Agricultural Water<br>Management 98:1373-<br>1387            |
| 36 | Shankar Tara,; Singh,<br>K. M.; <b>Singh S. S</b> .;<br>Kumar Anand       | 2011 | Changes in Area Under<br>Agricultural Sector of<br>Bihar : A Zone<br>aggregated View  | Environment & Ecology<br>29 (4A) 2140-2143                   |
| 37 | Subash, N.;<br><b>Singh, S. S</b> . and<br>Neha, Priya.                   | 2011 | Nakshatra based rainfall<br>variability, trends and its<br>influence on rice-wheat<br>production – A case<br>study over two sites in<br>Bihar, India. | Journal of<br>Agrometeorology<br>13(1):31-37                 |
| 38 | Singh S.S., Rajan<br>K and Subhash N.                                     | 2008 | Effect of puddling<br>methods, water regimes<br>and NPK levels on yield,<br>income and water use of<br>boro rice( <i>Oryza sativa</i><br>L.).         | Oryza 44 (3): 280-281  |

| 39 | Bhatnagar, P.R.;                                   | 2007 | Microtube Irrigation for                     | Journal of Agricultural               |
|----|--|------|--|---------------------------------------|
| 39 | Sikka, A. K.; Gautam,                              | 2007 | banana Cultivation in                        | Engineering 44 (2): 109-              |
|    | U.S.; <b>Singh, S. S</b> .;<br>Kumar, U. and Rajan |      | South Bihar:<br>Participatory Assessment     | 115                                   |
|    | Kumar, O. and Kajan<br>,K.                         |      | and Refinement.                              |                                       |
| 40 | Singh, Abdhesh K.;                                 | 2006 | Effect of tillage on                         | Journal of Agricultural               |
|    | Singh, S. S.; Khan,                                |      | physical properties of                       | Engineering 43 (1) 66 –               |
|    | A.R. and Singh, J.P.                               |      | young alluviam and                           | 69                                    |
|    |  |      | residual root volume                         |                                       |
|    |  |      | after winter maize (Zea                      |                                       |
| 41 | Singh C C .  | 2006 | mays L.).                                    | Indian I. Agronomy 51                 |
| 41 | Singh, S. S.;<br>Prasad, L. K. and                 | 2000 | Root growth, yield and economics of wheat    | Indian J. Agronomy 51<br>(2) : 33-36. |
|    | Upadhyay, U.                                       |      | ( <i>Triticum aestivum</i> ) as              | (2): 55-50.                           |
|    |  |      | affected by irrigation                       |                                       |
|    |  |      | depth and tillage                            |                                       |
|    |  |      | practices in south Bihar.                    |                                       |
| 42 | Khan, A. R.;                                       | 2005 | Response of irrigation                       | Agrochimica 49 (3-4) :                |
|    | Singh, S. S.;<br>Chandra, D.;                      |      | and phosphorus on productivity of black      | 132-139                               |
|    | Nanda, P; Ghorai,                                  |      | gram ( <i>Phaseolus mungo</i>                |                                       |
|    | A. K. and Behra,                                   |      | Roxb.) in monocropped                        |                                       |
|    | M. S.  |      | rice system                                  |                                       |
| 43 | Singh, J.P. and                                    | 2004 | Climatological                               | Indian J. Soil                        |
|    | Singh, S.S.  |      | parameters and its                           | Conservation 32 (1) : 69-             |
|    |  |      | variation at Bikramganj,                     | 71.                                   |
| 44 | Singh, S.S.;                                       | 2002 | Bihar.<br>Comparative                        | Indian J. Agronomy                    |
| 44 | Srivastava, Soni                                   | 2002 | performance of indica                        | 47(1): 50 - 56.                       |
|    | and Singh A.K.                                     |      | and japonica rice ( <i>Oryza</i>             | 17(1): 50 50.                         |
|    | 8  |      | sativa L.) varieties under                   |                                       |
|    |  |      | extreme late planted                         |                                       |
|    |  |      | rainfed lowland                              |                                       |
| 15 | Sinch S.S.   | 2000 | conditions.                                  | $O_{\rm murro}$ 27 (1) , 95 97        |
| 45 | Singh, S.S.;<br>Srivastava, S. and                 | 2000 | Comparative<br>performance of                | Oryza 37 (1) : 85-87.                 |
|    | Singh, A.K.  |      | photosensitive varieties                     |                                       |
|    | ~  |      | of under extreme late                        |                                       |
|    |  |      | planted conditions in                        |                                       |
|    |  |      | north Bihar alluvial                         |                                       |
|    |  | 1051 | plains.                                      |                                       |
| 46 | Singh, A.K.;                                       | 1999 | Agronomic management                         | Indian J. Agronomy                    |
|    | Pandey, K, <b>Singh</b> , <b>S.S</b> . and Thakur, |      | for maximizing the productivity of late sown | 44(2): 357-360.                       |
|    | S.S. and Thakur, S.S                               |      | wheat ( <i>Triticum</i>                      |                                       |
|    |  |      | aestivum).                                   |                                       |
| 47 | Singh, A.K.;                                       | 1998 | Performance of rice                          | Indian J. Agronomy 43                 |
|    | Kumar, A. and                                      |      | varieties at different                       | (2); 273-277.                         |
|    | Singh, S.S.  |      | nitrogen level under                         |                                       |
|    |  |      | irrigated lowland                            |                                       |
|    |  |      | ecosystem of north                           |                                       |

|    |  |       | Bihar.   |                                       |
|----|--|-------|--|---------------------------------------|
| 48 | <b>Singh, S.S</b> .;<br>Prasad, S.M.;<br>Thakur, R.B. and<br>Singh, A.K.   | 1998. | Potential of rainfed<br>winter crops after<br>photosensitive rice<br>( <i>Oryza sativa</i> ) in lowland<br>calcareous soils of north<br>Bihar. | Indian J. Agronomy 43(4): 628-631.    |
| 49 | Singh, S.S.; Md.<br>Ehsanullah, Singh,<br>S. J. and Mishra,<br>S.S.        | 1996  | The post emergence weed<br>control studies in wheat<br>( <i>Triticum aestivum</i> L)<br>under rice-wheat system of<br>north Bihar.             | Indian J. Agronomy 41(2):<br>243-246. |
| 50 | <b>Singh, S.S</b> .; Md.<br>Ehsanullah,;<br>Singh, A.K. and<br>Singh, B.K. | 1995  | Spatial Arrangement in<br>wheat- mustard<br>intercropping.   | Indian J. Agronomy 40(1): 91-92.      |
| 51 | Singh, S.S.  | 1992  | Effect of fertilizer<br>application and weed<br>control on yield of<br>mustard ( <i>Brassica juncea</i><br>L.).                                | Indian J. Agronomy 37<br>(1): 196-198 |
| 52 | <b>Singh, S.S</b> .;<br>Singh, S.J. and<br>Mishra, S.S.                    | 1992  | Weed management in<br>transplanted rice under<br>mid-land calcareous<br>ecosystem.   | Indian J. Agronomy<br>37(1): 173-175  |
| 53 | Singh, S.S. and<br>Dixit, R.S.   | 1989  | Response of mustard to<br>various levels of<br>Irrigation and Nitrogen   | Indian J. Agronomy<br>34(3): 307-311  |

| S.N. | Authors  | Year | Title with full reference*   | Journal with<br>volume & page<br>number                                |
|------|--|------|--|--|
| 3    | Kumar, S.,<br>Kumar, S., Singh,<br>S. S., &<br>Elanchezhian, R.                                  | 2014 | Studies on genetic variability<br>and inter-relationship among<br>yield contributing characters in<br>pigeonpea grown under rainfed<br>lowland of eastern region of<br>India.                      | Journal of Food<br>Legumes,<br>27(2), 104-107.                         |
| 4    | Singh, P. K.; Kumar<br>B.; Singh, S. K.;<br>Shankar T. and<br><b>Singh, S. S.</b>                | 2012 | Performance of rice hybrids<br>under zero tillage direct seeded<br>condition in Eastern India.   | Journal of<br>Interacademicia<br>16                                    |
| 5    | Parwez Arif,; Singh,<br>S. K.,; Shankar, T.,;<br>Singh, P. K. and<br><b>Singh, S. S.</b>         | 2012 | Influence of meteorological<br>parameters on the incidence of<br>leaf folder and spider on boro rice<br>ecosystem in north Bihar.  | Journal of<br>Interacademicia<br>16                                    |
| 6    | Parwez Arif,; Singh,<br>S. K.,; Shankar, T.,;<br>Singh, P. K. and<br>Singh, S. S.                | 2012 | Leptocorisa vericornis – weather<br>relationship studies in boro rice.   | Journal of<br>Interacademicia<br>16 (2): 274-277                       |
| 7    | Singh, P. K.; Kumar<br>B.; Singh, S. K.;<br>Shankar T. and<br><b>Singh, S. S.</b>                | 2012 | Performance of rice hybrids<br>under zero tillage direct seeded<br>condition in Eastern India.   | Journal of<br>Interacademicia<br>16                                    |
| 8    | Parwez Arif,; Singh,<br>S. K.,; Shankar, T.,;<br>Singh, P. K. and<br><b>Singh, S. S.</b>         | 2012 | Influence of meteorological<br>parameters on the incidence of<br>leaf folder and spider on boro rice<br>ecosystem in north Bihar.  | Journal of<br>Interacademicia<br>16                                    |
| 9    | Parwez Arif,; Singh,<br>S. K.,; Shankar, T.,;<br>Singh, P. K. and<br>Singh, S. S.                | 2012 | Leptocorisa vericornis – weather relationship studies in boro rice.  | Journal of<br>Interacademicia<br>16                                    |
| 10   | Singh, S.S.; Prasad<br>L.K.;<br>Subrahmanyam, D.;<br>Saha, B. and Singh,<br>R.D.                 | 2006 | Influence of irrigation schedule<br>and nutrient management on soil<br>properties, growth and yield<br>attributes of wheat in alluvial<br>soils of Bihar.  | International J.<br>of Tropical<br>Agriculture 24 (1-<br>2): 205 - 217 |
| 11   | <b>Singh, S.S.;</b> Gautam,<br>U.S.; Kumar Ujjwal,<br>Rajan K.; Bhatnagar,<br>P.R. and Pal, A.B. | 2006 | Minimization of technological<br>gap in irrigated rice crop by<br>Technology Assessment and<br>Refinement (TAR) through IVLP<br>in Sone Command, Bihar.  | International J. of<br>Tropical<br>Agriculture 24<br>(1-2): 7-11       |
| 12   | <b>Singh, S.S</b> .; Subash,<br>N.; Rajan K. and<br>Subrahmanyam, D.                             | 2006 | Effect of nursery growing<br>environments on seed<br>germination, seedling growth,<br>chlorophyll, root behaviour,<br>flowering and grain yield of boro<br>rice ( <i>Oryza sativa</i> L.) in south | International J. of<br>Tropical<br>Agriculture 24 (3<br>&4): 469 - 478 |

|    |  |      | Bihar.  |   |
|----|--|------|---|---|
|    |  |      |   |   |
| 13 | Bhatnagar, P.R.;<br>Gautam, U.S.; Sikka,<br>A. K.; Kumar, U.,<br><b>Singh, S. S</b> . and<br>Rajan, K. | 2006 | Participatory assessment of fish<br>pond for multiple uses of<br>Irrigation Water.  | International<br>Journal of<br>Tropical<br>Agriculture 24 (3<br>& 4) 461 – 467. |
| 14 | Rajan, K.; <b>Singh, S.</b><br><b>S.,</b> Gautam, U.S. and<br>Sikka, A.K.                              | 2006 | Yield and economics of rice and<br>wheat under On-farm nutrient<br>management in field-to-field<br>canal irrigation system.                                     | International<br>Journal of<br>Tropical<br>Agriculture 24 (3<br>& 4) 479 – 485  |
| 15 | Bhatnagar, P.R.;<br>Haris, A. A.; Sikka,<br>A.K. and <b>Singh, S.</b><br><b>S.</b>                     | 2006 | Feasibility of rice-fish culture on<br>waterlogged lands in canal<br>command.   | International<br>Journal of<br>Tropical<br>Agriculture 24 (1-<br>2): 199-203.   |
| 16 | Singh, A.K.; Singh,<br>S. S.; Khan, A.R.<br>and Singh, J.P.  | 2006 | Physical characters of soil and<br>residual root volume of rice<br>( <i>Oryza Sativa</i> L.) as influenced<br>by resource management in<br>young alluviam soil. | International<br>Journal of<br>Tropical<br>Agriculture 24<br>(3&4) 395 – 399    |
| 17 | Singh, A.K.; <b>Singh,</b><br><b>S. S.;</b> Khan, A.R.<br>and Singh, J.P.                              | 2006 | Effect of tillage, irrigation and<br>nitrogen levels on weed dry<br>weight and leaf area index of<br>winter maize ( <i>Zea mays</i> ).                          | International<br>Journal of<br>Tropical<br>Agriculture 24 (3<br>& 4) 379 - 383. |
| 18 | Singh, S. S. and<br>Khan, A.R.   | 2005 | Managing flood prone ecosystem<br>for rice production in Bihar<br>plains.   | International<br>Journal of<br>Tropical<br>Agriculture 23(1-<br>4) : 25-30.     |
| 19 | Khan, A.R.; Chandra<br>,D.; Nanda,, P.;<br>Anand, P.S.B.;<br><b>Singh, S.S.</b> and<br>Singh, R.D.     | 2004 | Response of rice to <i>Ipomoea cornea</i> as Green Leaf Manure.   | J. Indian Soc.<br>Coastal Agric 22<br>(1&2), 223-225                            |
| 20 | Rajan, K.; <b>Singh,</b><br><b>S.S.;</b> Gautam, U.S.<br>and Pal, A. B                                 | 2003 | On-farm nutrient management in<br>HYV rice under field-to-field<br>canal irrigation system of Sone<br>Command, Bihar.   | J.Farming<br>Systems Research<br>& Development<br>9(1): 94 – 95                 |
| 21 | Singh, A.K.;<br>Amagin, L.P.; <b>Singh,</b><br><b>S.S.</b> and Singh, J.P.                             | 2003 | Effect of integrated management<br>on yield, nutrient uptake and<br>nutrient balance in rice-wheat<br>system.   | J.Farming System<br>Research and<br>Development 9(1)<br>: 14 – 18.              |
| 22 | Singh, R.D.; Prasad,<br>U.K., Singh J.P. and<br><b>Singh, S.S.</b>                                     | 2002 | Effect of irrigation on availability<br>and uptake of Zn and Fe in rice<br>( <i>Oryza sativa</i> L.) based crop<br>sequences.                                   | J.Farming System<br>Research and<br>Development 8<br>(1&2): 42-47               |

| 23 | Singh, J.P.; <b>Singh,</b><br><b>S.S.</b> and Singh, A.K. | 2001 | Agri-horti. Production system for<br>Rehabilitation of sub-humid<br>calcareous sodic lands of north<br>Bihar.   | J.Farming System<br>Research and<br>Development 07<br>(1&2): 77-81    |
|----|---|------|---|---|
| 24 | <b>Singh, S.S.;</b> Singh,<br>A.K and Srivastava<br>Soni. | 2001 | Nutrient uptake pattern in <i>indica</i><br>and <i>japonica</i> type rice ( <i>Oryza</i><br><i>sativa</i> L.) under late-planted<br>rainfed lowland conditions. | J.Farming System<br>Research and<br>Development 7<br>(1& 2): 43 – 47. |
| 25 | Singh, S.S.; Prasad,<br>S.M. and Singh, A.K.              | 1999 | Nutrient uptake by rainfed winter<br>crops and their effect on soil<br>fertility under lowland calcareous<br>soils of north Bihar.                              | J. Farming<br>System Research<br>and Development<br>5 (1&2): 78-80.   |
| 26 | <b>Singh, S.S.,</b> Prasad,<br>S.M. and Singh, A.K.       | 1999 | Soil moisture studies on rainfed<br>winter crop in lowland soils of<br>north Bihar.   | J. Farming<br>System Research<br>and Development<br>5(1&2): 10-15.    |
| 27 | Singh, S.S. and<br>Singh, A.K.                            | 1998 | Integrated farming system under<br>shallow deep-water ecosystem in<br>north Bihar.  | J. Farming<br>System Research<br>and Development<br>3(1): 56-58.      |

| S.N. | Authors   | Year | Title with full reference*   | Journal with<br>volume & page<br>number                            |
|------|---|------|--|--|
| 1    | Singh, A. K., <b>Singh,</b><br><b>S.S,</b> Prakash, V.,<br>Kumar, S., & Dwivedi,<br>S                 | 2015 | Pulses Production in India:<br>Present Status, sent Status,<br>Bottleneck and Way Forward.   | Journal of<br>AgriSearch, 2(2),<br>75-83.                          |
| 2    | <b>Singh, S. S</b> ., Singh, A.<br>K., & Sundaram, P. K.  | 2014 | Agrotechnological options for<br>upscaling agricultural productivity<br>in eastern indo gangetic plains<br>under impending climate change<br>situations: A review. | Journal of Agrisearch, 1(2).                                       |
| 3    | Kumar S.; <b>Singh S. S.</b> ;<br>Singh A. K.;<br>Elanchezhian; Sangle<br>U. R. and Sundaram P.<br>K. | 2012 | Evaluation of Rice Genotypes<br>for Resistance to Blast Disease<br>under rainfed lowland<br>ecosystem.   | Journal of Plant<br>Science diseases<br>7(2):175-178               |
| 4    | Kumar, L.; Gupta,<br>V.K.; Khan, M.A.;<br><b>Singh, S.S</b> .; Jee, J. and<br>Kumar, A.               | 2011 | Field based Makhana<br>cultivation for improving<br>cropping intensity of rice fields.<br><i>Bihar</i>   | Journal of<br>Horticulture, I, pp-<br>71-72                        |
| 5    | Meena, M. S.; Singh, K.<br>M. and <b>Singh, S. S</b> .  | 2010 | Conservation Agriculture:<br>Adoption Strategies,  | Agricultural<br>Extension Review,<br>Vol. 22 (4): 20-23            |
| 6    | Shankar, T.; Singh<br>K.M.; <b>Singh S. S.</b> and<br>Kumar, A.                                       | 2009 | Natural and human resource<br>status in divided Bihar- An<br>Agro - Economic Perspective.  | Indian Journal of<br>Environment &<br>Ecoplan 16 (2-3):<br>537-548 |

| 7  | Shankar, T.; Singh,<br>K.M. and <b>Singh S. S.</b>   | 2009 | An Economic Analysis of Net<br>Sown Area in different Agro-<br>climatic Zones of Bihar.                              | Indian Journal of<br>Environment &<br>Ecoplan 16 (2-3):<br>531-536 |
|----|--|------|--|--|
| 8  | Khan, A. R. and <b>Singh</b> , S. S.   | 2008 | Nematode management in rice<br>production system through deep<br>tillage   | International J. of<br>Nematology 18 (1)<br>: 83 – 85              |
| 9  | Singh, S. S.; Haidar,<br>M.G.; Khan, A.R.;<br>Sikka A.K.; Prasad<br>L.K.; Gaunt, John L.<br>and Singh, J.P.  | 2007 | Effect of nematode<br>management in nursery on rice<br>grain yield.  | International<br>Journal of<br>Nematology 17 (1)<br>: 13-16        |
| 10 | Singh, S.S.; Haidar,<br>M.G.; Khan, A.R.;<br>Sikka, A.K.; Prasad,<br>L.K.; Gaunt, John L.<br>and Singh, J.P. | 2005 | Biodiversity and management<br>of nematodes associated with<br>rice in Eastern India.                                | International<br>Journal of<br>Nematology 15 (2)<br>: 141-144      |
| 11 | Khan, A.R.; Chandra,<br>D.; Nanda P., <b>Singh,</b><br><b>S.S.;</b> Ghorai, A.K. and<br>Singh ,,S.R.         | 2004 | Integrated Nutrient<br>management for sustainable<br>rice production.  | Archives of<br>Agronomy and<br>Soil Science<br>50:161-165.         |
| 12 | Singh, S.S. and Khan,<br>A.R.  | 2002 | Strategy for managing natural<br>resources in flood-prone eco-<br>systems for sustainable<br>agricultural production | Acta Agronomica<br>Hungarica 50(1),<br>pp 107 – 115.               |
| 13 | Singh, S.S. and Khan,<br>A.R.  | 2001 | Management of irrigated rice<br>for higher productivity in Bihar<br>plains.  | Thought 5 (II): 33-<br>36.   |
| 14 | Singh, S.S.; and Verma D.K.  | 2000 | Contingency cropping in<br>deepwater rice area because of<br>rice due to drought                                     | Indian Farmers'<br>Digest 33 (6&7):<br>18.                         |
| 15 | Prasad, S.M.; Sinha,<br>S.P. and <b>Singh, S.S.</b>  | 2000 | Comparative performance of rainfed winter crop in low land soils of north Bihar.                                     | J. Applied Biology 10 (1) 51-54.                                   |
| 16 | Prasad, U.K., <b>Singh,</b><br><b>S.S.,</b> Prasad T.N. and<br>Jain. S.K.                                    | 1997 | On-farm water management<br>studies in rice fields of north<br>Bihar, <i>India</i>                                   | International Rice<br>Research Notes<br>22(3): 35-36.              |
| 17 | Thakur, R.; <b>Singh,</b><br><b>S.S.;</b> Singh, A.K. and<br>Singh, R.S.                                     | 1996 | The potential of winter maize<br>in lowland rice farming system<br>of north Bihar.                                   | RiceFarmingTechnicalExchangePhilippines3 (4):7-9.                  |
| 18 | <b>Singh, S.S.</b> ; Singh, B.K. and Singh, A.K.   | 1995 | Performance of some high yielding transplanted rice varieties under medium land.                                     | BAU J. Research 7(2): 155-156                                      |

| 19 | Thakur, R; Singh,<br>A.K.; R.S, and <b>Singh,</b><br><b>S.S.</b>  | 1993 | An Approach to develop<br>sustainable deep-water rice<br>farming system in north Bihar. | EasternIndiaFSR/ENewsLetter 7(2): 9-16.                                   |
|----|---|------|---|---|
| 20 | Thakur, R, Singh,<br>A.K.; R.S, and <b>Singh,</b><br><b>S.S</b> . | 1993 | Development of a sustainable<br>deep-water rice farming system<br>in Bihar, India.      | Rice Farming<br>System Technical<br>Exchange<br>Philippines 3(2): 7-<br>9 |

## **Other Publications**

| Item  | Year   | Details  | Publisher   | Pages       |
|-------|--------|--|---|-------------|
|       | A) Bo  | oks Published  |   |             |
|       | Books  | s Authored -3  |   | 1           |
| 1     | 2016   | Singh, U., Praharaj, C.S., Singh, S.S., Singh, N.P.<br>Biofortification of food crops.   | Springer Publication,<br>New Delhi                                  | 491         |
| 2     | 2013   | कुमार संजीव, <b>सिंह एस.एस.,</b> षिवानी , भट्ट बी. पी. एवं<br>राज नारायण. समेकित कृषि प्रणाली – एक वृहद दृष्टिकोण  | बामेती, कृषि विभाग,<br>बिहार सरकार, पटना                            | 333         |
| 3     | 2011   | Kumar Sanjeev, Shivani and <b>Singh S.S.</b><br>Integrated Farming System  | New India Publishing<br>Agency, New Delhi                           | 331         |
|       | Book   | Edited -2  |   |             |
| 2.    | 2010   | Khan A. R., <b>Singh S. S</b> ., Bharati R. C., Srivastava T. K. and Khan M. A. <i>Resource Conservation Technologies for Good Security and Rural Livelihood</i>   | AgrotechPublishingAcademyUdaipur-Rice-WheatConsortiumforPublication | 528         |
| 3.    | 2005   | Malik R.K., Gupta R.K., Singh CM., Yadav Ashok, Brar<br>S.S., Thakur T.C, <b>Singh S.S.</b> , Singh A.K., Singh Randhir<br>and Sinha R.K. Accelerating the Adoption of Resource<br>Conservation Technologies in Rice - Wheat Systems of<br>the Indo-Gangetic Plains. | Directorate of<br>Extension Education,<br>CCS HAU, Hisar.           | 292         |
| B) Bo | ok Cha | pters/Manuals/ Mimeograph -19  | I   |             |
| 1     | 2016   | <b>Singh, S. S.</b> , Hazra, K.K., Praharaj, C.S., and Singh Ur<br>Biofortification: Pathway Ahead and Future Challenges (C<br>34). In Bioforification of Food Crops. Springer   |   | 479-<br>492 |
| 2     |        | Praharaj C S , Singh Ummed, <b>Singh S S</b> and Kumar Narend<br>2016.Improving Protein Density in Food Legumes Through<br>Agronomic Interventions Editors : U Singh et al   |   | 199-<br>216 |
| 3     | 2015   | <b>Singh, S.S</b> . and Srivastava, T.K. Agriculture manage<br>strategies for flood affected regions in eastern India.<br>management in agriculture  | ÷   | 287-<br>306 |
| 4     | 2013   | Kumar Sanjeev, <b>Singh S. S.</b> , Kumar Ujjwal, Dey. A. and Sl<br>Sustainability of Integrated Farming Systems in the E<br>Region. Natural Resource Conservation: Emerging Issues & S  | astern Dehradun   | 455-<br>464 |

|    |      | Challeges.  |  |             |
|----|------|---|--|-------------|
| 5  | 2012 | <b>Singh. S.S.</b> and Singh A.K. Agronomic Research and <i>Technological Development for Agricultural Productivity</i> . Status of Agricultural Development in Eastern India.  | ICAR-RCER,<br>Patna                                    | 169-<br>185 |
| 6  | 2012 | Sundaram P.K., <b>Singh S.S.</b> , Sharma S.C. and Rahman A. <i>Prospects of of Farm Mechanization</i> . Development for Agricultural Productivity Status of Agricultural Development in Eastern India.   | ICAR-RCER,<br>Patna                                    | 279-<br>292 |
| 7  | 2012 | <b>Singh, S. S.</b> Gender Perspective in Integrated Farming System.<br>Edited by Women Empowerment through crop based farming system.  |  | 25-32       |
| 8  | 2012 | <b>Singh, S.S.</b> and Subash, N. ICTs and Climate Change with reference to Crop Production. Edited by K. M. Singh and M. S. Meena in ICT for Agricultural Development in Changing Climate.   | Narendra<br>Publishing<br>House                        | 115-<br>122 |
| 9  | 2012 | Idris, Mohd. and <b>Singh, S.S.</b> ICTs for Integrated Rodent Pest<br>Manatement. Edited by K. M. Singh and M. S. Meena in ICT for<br>Agricultural Development in Changing Climate.  | Narendra<br>Publishing<br>House                        | 311-<br>321 |
| 10 | 2010 | Singh, S. S. Resource Conservation Technologies in Salt affected<br>areas. In Khan, A.R. et al. Resource Conservation Technologies<br>for Food Security and Rural Livelihood.   | Rice-Wheat<br>Consortium<br>(RWC), IRRI,<br>New Delhi  | 92-97.      |
| 11 | 2010 | Idris M. and Singh S.S. Integrated pest management on RCT's in rice and wheat cropping system. In Khan, A.R. et al. Resource Conservation Technologies for Food Security and Rural Livelihood.  | Rice-Wheat<br>Consortium<br>(RWC), IRRI,<br>New Delhi. | 384-<br>401 |
| 12 | 2010 | Chandna, P., Singh S. S., Erenstein, Olaf., Khan, A. R., Ladha, J. K., Gupta, R., Punia, M., Nelson, A., Gopal, R. and Singh, P.K. Geo-Spatial techniques for assessing natural resource and targeting resource conserving technologies. <i>In Khan, A.R. et al.</i> . <i>Resource Conservation Technologies for Food Security and Rural Livelihood</i> . | Rice-Wheat<br>Consortium<br>(RWC), IRRI,<br>New Delhi  | 501-<br>513 |
| 13 | 2009 | <b>Singh</b> , S. S. Resource Conservation Technologies in Salt<br>Affected Areas. Winter School training manual on <i>RCTs</i> –<br><i>Conserving resources for enhancing productivity, sustainability,</i><br><i>food security and improvement of rural livelihoods</i>   | ICAR-RCER,<br>Patna. Nov. 5-<br>25, 2009.              | 13-16       |
| 14 | 2009 | Khan M. A., Singh K. M., <b>Singh, S. S.</b> , Upadhayaya A., Srivastava T. K., Kumar U., Dey A and Subash N. <i>Bihar Agricultural Contingency Plan</i> . Mimeograph M – 01/PAT – 01/2009  | BAMETI, Dept.<br>of Agriculture,<br>Govt. of Bihar     | 27          |
| 15 | 2007 | Singh, S. S. Devising communication products for irrigation management solutions. Participatory Irrigation management.  | Agrotech<br>Publishing<br>Academy<br>Udaipur           | 48-52       |
| 16 | 2007 | Khan, A.R.; Singh, S.S. and Sikka, A.K. <i>Efficient use of limited resources and family manpower through adoption of RCTs is sustainable</i> . Technologies for improving rural livelihoods in rainfed systems in south Asia <i>IRRI</i>   | Los Banos,<br>Philippines                              | 25-27       |
| 17 | 2007 | Khan, A.R.; <b>Singh, S.S.</b> and Sikka, A.K. Jitendra <i>Kumar</i><br><i>improves his family's well being by efficient labor use on the</i><br><i>farm.</i> Technologies for improving rural livelihoods in rainfed<br>systems in south <b>Asia</b> IRRI  | Los Banos,<br>Philippines                              | 43-45       |

| 18 | 2007 | Khan, A.R.; Singh S.S. and Sikka A.K. One day lobourer finds a  | Los Banos,   | 46-48        |
|----|------|---|--|--------------|
| 10 | 2007 | way out of poverty and inspiresothers. Technologies for<br>improving rural livelihoods in rainfed systems in south Asia IRRI  | Philippines  | 40-40        |
| 19 | 2003 | Subash, N.; Singh, S.S.; Rajan, K. and Subrahmanyam, D.<br>Performance of Boro Rice Nursery vis-à-vis the Growing<br>Environment and Temperature in Southern Bihar. Boro Rice   | IRRI India   | 199 –<br>205 |
|    | Tech | nical Bulletins - 11  |  |              |
| 1  | 2014 | Prasad, Y.G., Osman, M., <b>Singh, S.S.</b> , M, Kumar., Singh, K.M., Singh, A.K., Maheshwari, M., Bhatt, B.P., Venkateswarlu, B. and Sikka, A.K. Contingency measures for deficit rainfall districts in south Bihar- a kharif 2013 field survey report.  | Central<br>Research<br>Institute for<br>Dryland<br>Agriculture,<br>Hyderabad.        | P-19         |
| 2  | 2012 | Kumar Saneev, <b>Singh S.S.</b> , Sundaram P.K., Shivani and Bhatt. B. P. Agronomic management and production technology of unpuddled mechanical transplanted rice. Technical bulletin R-37/Pat-25.   | ICAR-RCER,<br>Patna  | 51           |
| 3  | 2012 | कुमार संजीव, सिंह सती षंकर, कमार उज्जवल, कुमार सुन्दरम् एवं<br>भट्ट बी. पी. राईस मैट नर्सरी उगाने एवं मषीन द्वारा रोपनी की<br>विधिः संरक्षित कृषि की ओर बढ़ता एक कदम। Technical<br>bulletin R-38/Pat-25   | ICAR-RCER,<br>Patna  | 27           |
| 4  | 2006 | <b>Singh S.S.,</b> Khan, A.R., Prasad L.K., Sikka A.K. and Gaunt J.L.<br>Zero tillage technology in wheat for resource conservation,<br>higher yield and better livelihood. Technical   | Bulleting No. R<br>- 20/Pat-l 1,<br>ICAR RCER<br>Patna.                              | 21           |
| 5  | 2006 | <b>Singh, S.S.,</b> Prasad, L.K., Khan, A.R., Sikka, A.K.<br>Subramanyam, D. Murphy Sean and Gaunt, J.L. <i>Diagnosis of</i><br><i>problems in crop production for improved livelihood in canal</i><br><i>command of Bihar.</i>   | Bulletin No. R -<br>21/Pat - 12,<br>ICAR RCER,<br>Patna.                             | 20           |
| 6  | 2006 | Khan, A.R., Singh, S. S., Prasad, L. K., Sikka, A. K.,<br>Subrahmanyam, D., Singh, S. R. and Gaunt, J. L. Improved<br>livelihood and environment through Deep Summer Ploughing in<br>rice based cropping system of heavy soils of Eastern India.  | Bulletin No. R -<br>19/Pat -10,<br>ICAR RCER,<br>Patna.                              | 36           |
| 7  | 2006 | Pande S., Gupta R.K., Dahiya S.S., Chauhan Y.S., Singh S.,<br>Singh U.P., Jat M.L., <b>Singh S.S.</b> , Sharma H.C., Rao J.N. and<br>Chandna P. <i>Reintroduction of Extra Short Duration Pigeon pea</i><br>( <i>ICPL 88039</i> ) in Rice – Wheat Cropping Systems of the Indo-<br>Gangetic Plains.   | RWC Technical<br>Bulletin no. 9.<br>RWC-ICRISAT,<br>NASC Complex<br>Pusa, New Delhi, | 48           |
| 8  | 2006 | Gupta R.K., Ladha J.K., Singh Samar, Singh Ravi Gopal, Jat M.<br>L., Saharawat Yashpal, Singh V.P., <b>Singh S.S.</b> , Singh Govindra,<br>Sah Ganesh, Gathala Mahesh, Sharma R.K., Gill M.S., Alam<br>Murshad, Rehman Hafiz Mujeeb Ur, Singh U.P, Mann Riaz A.,<br>Pathak Himanshu, Chauhan Bhagirath Singh, Bhattacharya P.<br>and Malik R.K. <i>Production Technology for Direct Seeded Rice</i> . | RWC/<br>CIMMYT New<br>Delhi, India   | 16           |
| 9  | 2004 | Gautam U.S., <b>Singh S.S.</b> , Kumar U., Bhatnagar P.R., Rajan K.<br>and Sikka A.K. <i>Enhancing agricultural productivity through bio-</i><br><i>physical interventions</i> .  | TAR-IVLP,<br>NATP B. No. R-<br>12/PAT-4, ICAR-<br>RCER Patna,<br>India.              | 60           |
| 10 | 2004 | Gaunt J.L., Murphy S., Khan A.R., Prasad L.K., <b>Singh S.S.,</b><br>Kumar R., Choudhary S., Khan K. and Mishra V.K <i>New</i><br><i>approaches to participatory technology development</i> .   | DFID-NRSP<br>Project<br>R-7830 and R-<br>7839,UK                                     | 11           |

| 11 | 2003 | Gupta R.K., Singh Sammar, Malik R.K., Singh Govindra, Naresh | Technical      | 28 |
|----|------|--|----------------|----|
|    |      | R.K., Mehla R.S., Sidhu B.S., Brar S.S., Sah G, Tripathi J., | Bulletin No.6, |    |
|    |      | Prabhakar S.R.R.K, Sharma R.K., Singh S.S, Singh CM., Kumar  | RWC/           |    |
|    |      | M., Singh U.P., Bhushan L., Hobbs P.R., Ladha J.K. and Singh | CIMMYT New     |    |
|    |      | B.K. Zero tillage in rice-wheat systems: Frequently asked    | Delhi 110 012, |    |
|    |      | questions.   | India.         |    |

### **Popular Articles**

- Singh Ummed · S.S. Singh · C.S. Praharaj · A.K. Parihar · Sujayananda G.K. (2015). Rabi Dalhan phasaloen ki utpadakata badhane hetu uttam prabandhan kriyaen. Khad Patrika. September 2015. pp 7-28
- **SS Singh** · <u>AK Singh</u> (2013)Agronomic research and technological development for improving agricultural productivity in Eastern India. Indian Farming. 63 (9), 18-27). 32
- Dwivedi, S.K., Kumar, S., Singh, S.S. and Shivani. 2014. Sustaining higher productivity of rice through varietal intervention in water logged areas of eastern India. Indian Farming 64 (3): 7-10.
- Kumar Santosh, Dwivedi S. K., Kumar Sanjeev and **Singh S. S**. 2013. Sustainable food production system and food security in rainfed area of eastern India through drought tolerant rice varietyes. Indian Farming 63(7):16-21.
- Kumar Sanjeev, Shivani, Kumar Santosh and **Singh S.S.** 2013. Sustainable food and nutritional security through Integrated Farming System. Indian Farming 63(7):30-36, 55.
- Singh S.S. Idris Mohd., and Bhatt B.P. 2013. Demand and strategies for food security in the Eastern Region. Indian Farming 63(7):56-57, 66
- Dwivedi S. K. Kumar Santosh and **Singh S.S**. 2013. Sustaining wheat food production system under adverse climatic condition Indian Farming 63(7):70-72.
- Singh S.S., Idris Mohd. And Bhatt B. P. 2013, Demand and strategies for food security in the Eastern Region. Souvenir, World Food Day 2013. Bihar State Productivity Council, Patna. pp 34-38.
- Singh S. S. 2013. Conservation agriculture in Alluvial Plains of Eatern India. Souvenir, Agri-Submit, April 8-9 ICAR-RCER, Patna pp 17-22.
- Kumar Sanjeev, Sundram P.K., **Singh S. S**. and Shivani 2013. Unpuddled mechanical transplating of rice : a way towards conservation agriculture. Indian Farming 62(12):21-26.